

The Ypsilantian

EIGHTH YEAR.

YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOV. 3, 1887.

NUMBER 409.

Jewelry or Stationery

Until you have examined the fine new stock of

E. L. HOUGH,

Practical Jeweler and Watch Repairer,

BIG WATCH SIGN, HURON ST.

H. P. GLOVER

Has just received a very fine assortment of the Latest Novelties in

KID GLOVES

English Walking Gloves—Fancy Hand-Embroidered Backs.

Harris Seamless, both Black and Colors.

Also Pique Kids, double stitched, with wide embroidered backs.

We would especially call your attention to our large line of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS

H. P. GLOVER.

LOOK OUT FOR W. P. STONE & CO.'S

BIG

-SOAP DAY-

Since the announcement of our intention to have a SOAP DAY, we have had many inquiries as to what we mean to do. We answer that on that day we shall simply SELL a larger package of Pure Vegetable Oil Laundry Soap, 12oz. Bars, for less money than you ever heard of before. We limit the sale to one day, and it is not unlikely that those who come late on that day may find the stock all gone. We can only offer the first lot at the ridiculous price we shall name on our SOAP DAY: it is a prize at five cents a cake, and at that we shall sell it AFTER OUR SOAP DAY. Every family should make it a point to secure our offer in Soap, for it is not only a superior Soap, but a rare chance. Look out for the day and price.

W. P. STONE & CO.

Mr. P. M. Campbell of this city took possession of the custom house at the foot of Woodward avenue, Detroit, Tuesday morning. Captain Boutell whom Mr. Campbell succeeded, was presented with a handsome silver tea set by Collector Campan and his deputies. The gift was accompanied by a written address, which, among other pretty things, said that he had always been faithful, diligent and affable, and had endeavored himself to every member of the force. Was it loyalty to Cleveland's civil service rules that made it necessary to part with such an officer? We are not scolding because republicans are turned out of office, understand, but we will scold if anything is said about Cleveland's devotion to civil service, next fall.

Hewitt & Champion are selling a beautiful French kid button hand turned and hand sewed shoe for three dollars and fifty cents.

The rooms over the Ypsilantian office, suitable for office, shop or residence purposes, are for rent on reasonable terms. Apply to or address, Samuel Post, Ypsilanti, Mich.

Ask Hewitt & Champion to show you their ladies' bright dongola button at two dollars. A durable shoe.

Get your curtain poles from Comstock & Co.

Did you see our new twenty-five cent double fold dress goods—just the thing for a school dress.

Examine Comstock's dress silks at 95 cts.

A strictly all wool extra long ladies' hose for twenty-five cents per pair at Trim, McGregor & Co.'s.

Norm. Freeman and Bill Johnson, two dissipated dispositioned sons of Sumpter, were in town Monday, and exchanged more or less of their hard earnings for red whisky. On their way home they met Joseph Tuttle, with whom Freeman had the sumpterites evened, quite seriously injuring the latter. A warrant was taken out for their arrest, Tuesday, but up to last evening the belligerents had not been brought in.

Ladies! Have you seen the new Common Sense Health Bustle? It is a marvel in simplicity, very easy and comfortable for the wearer, has an elegant shape and when compressed is only an eighth of an inch thick yet is very strong and durable. See it. Try it—and you will buy no other. For sale in this city in all dry goods and notion stores.

Dress goods with trimmings to match at Comstock's.

A French kid vamp, Dongola top button shoe, latest style, and best manufacture for three dollars, worth four dollars, at Trim, McGregor & Co.'s.

Still another lot of Comstock's 12 1/2 cts. hose.

Do you suffer with the headache? Cure it with a bottle of "Electricity in a Bottle" on sale at the Bazarette.

English long wool 12 cts per skein at Comstock's.

Don't buy your winter cloak until you get our prices.

TRIM, MCGREGOR & CO.

All wool hose very heavy. Also extra heavy fleece-lined for 25 cts. at Comstock's.

The Ypsilantian.

ESTABLISHED JANUARY 1, 1880.

SMITH & POWERS, Publishers.
(GEO. C. SMITH, PERRY F. POWERS.)

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Address THE YPSILANTIAN, Ypsilanti, Mich.

IN THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER.—Mr. A. Bennett, senior member of the livery firm of Bennett & Son, this week made application for the appointment of a receiver to dissolve the partnership and close the business. J. M. Chidister was appointed in accordance with the petition, and caused an appraisal of the property to be made. It is appraised at between \$1200 and \$1300, on which there is a mortgage of \$1200, and unsecured claims and accounts against the firm are thought to amount to several hundred dollars.

CONGRESS STREET RAILROAD STATION.—The track on the Double branch is laid from the switch at the gravel pit to Congress street, and cars now run up to the Congress street bridge. The track along Water street is about even with the surface of the street, and runs within a few feet of the mill and warehouse. There is a siding at the mill, with the switch opposite the barrel house, and thence the track curves easterly to the bluff near the slaughter house, and then by reflex curve follows the river bluff to the junction with the Cornell track just east of Parsons' ground.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.—The meeting at the First National Bank, Tuesday evening, was not well attended. This is to be regretted, as two positions of importance were presented, and could not be formally considered. These will be presented at the meeting next Tuesday evening, together with three others, all of them contemplating the establishment of manufacturing enterprises. It is earnestly urged that there be a full attendance of members at the meeting next Tuesday evening, at half past seven o'clock. The attention being attracted to our city as a point for locating manufacturers, since the organization of this association, is a very conclusive demonstration of the association's value, and we hope the interest of our people in it will not seem to be less than the interest it is arousing elsewhere. Let us have a good attendance next Tuesday evening.

MORE IMPROVEMENTS.—Mrs. Swift is making considerable addition and improvement upon the Whitman property purchased by her, the work being in charge of Mr. F. P. Bogardus. The improvements include additions upon the north and rear, extension of the cellar, inside finishing of the existing rooms in oak, and outside decoration and finishing, to cost about \$3000. Also a large carriage barn on the south side of the lot, entered from Catharine street, and removal of the present barn, costing \$2500; considerable grading and filling, and a six-foot sawed flag stone walk across the whole front of the lot. The total cost of the improvements will be about \$6000. Mr. W. F. Parker is putting on \$100 or so into filling and grading, on his lot adjoining.

Charles Samson is doing about \$200 worth of filling upon his lots on Cross street, buying earth from the Normal improvement.

Thirty-five rods of asphaltum walk has just been completed on Ellis street, extending from Perrin around the bend and up the hill to Normal street, except one lot front which is laid with plank. Considerable cutting and filling were required to reach a grade, and the cost is about \$200.

These items foot up \$6,500; and the new asphaltum walk laid elsewhere in the city this year, and extensions of plank walk into new districts, more than add \$600, which raises our total building enterprises of 1887 to \$200,000.

"OH, WHAT A NIGHT."—Last Monday night was Halloween in Ypsilanti. We have a more or less distinct idea that the night was originally given the name it now bears by the fact that it is followed by All Saints Day. We have no fault to find with the next day or its name, but if ever a night was misnamed it is this same 31st of October. Twelve hundred years ago, when the observance was inaugurated, it may have had some hallowed characteristics, but they are now not even memories, and the night is given up to the sons of sin and the manipulators of mischief. The occasion was celebrated here, Monday night in a manner that will in its results, no doubt, be satisfactory to all concerned. From eight to twelve o'clock the residence streets of the city were traversed by gangs of boys and young men, from four to forty in a gang, the principal purpose of each detachment being to accomplish greater and more disastrous results in the way of misplacing matter, in the line of horse-blocks, sidewalk, gates, buggies and other things portable, than could be accomplished by any of the others, and it is fairly due to the several gangs to say that all accomplished more than could have been expected. It was fun, gorgeous, glorious fun—at least it

was to most of the boys, and would have been to all, if the police had not joined in the general jubilee and insisted upon adding to the celebration by taking several of the boys to the city jail. There is where the fun for the owners of the departed horse-blocks and misplaced gates came in, and their enjoyment is still in progress. The boys arrested were given their liberty Tuesday morning, after promising to appear before Justice Joslyn on Tuesday. One boy pleaded guilty on Tuesday, and he was required to pay eight dollars and forty-five cents for his peculiar enjoyment—almost three dollars an hour. Besides the boys arrested by the officers Monday night, Justice Joslyn has the names of twenty-three others, most of them students of the Normal, whom he says will be brought to trial as soon as possible.

Passed Beyond.

The death of Joseph Bickford occurred Monday morning last, at the residence of his niece, Mrs. Eliza Gee, at Dundee, Mich. Although Mr. Bickford's death has been for some weeks expected, it came suddenly at the end, but it came none too soon to one who had many times prayed for the peace and release from suffering it gives. Mr. Bickford was about 73 years of age. He was born in New York, and came to this county in 1836, engaging in business in Saline. He was married in that village in 1841, to Miss Lucy E. Post, and removed to Ypsilanti in 1859. His wife died here in 1880. No children were ever born to them. After his removal here Mr. Bickford engaged in the hardware business, and was interested in a woolen mill at Rawsonville, and was also for a time engaged in the shoe business in this city. Since the death of his wife he has not been in active business of any kind. Mr. Bickford was honest in his business dealings and an honorable man in all respects, and although his sufferings at the close of his life were such as to cloud his mind, the instincts of honor and gentleness remained, and the esteem and friendship his life had gained were strongest when most he needed their expression. The funeral will occur from the residence of Mr. D. B. Greene this afternoon.

A death occurred in Ann Arbor, yesterday, which has cast a gloom of unusual sadness over this community—that of Miss Adelia Compton, whose life had been spent here, and who occupied a high place in the love and esteem of our people. She was attacked with pneumonia, while caring for her uncle, Lorenzo Davis of Ann Arbor, and died after a brief illness. The remains will be brought here to-day, and burial will take place from the residence of J. H. McKinstry, Friday or Saturday, depending upon the arrival of her brother, Henry Compton, who is in Kansas City.

Mrs. Rachel Sherwood of Superior, aged 80 years, died Oct. 30, of dropsy of the heart.

Supervisors' Proceedings.

The annual session closed last Saturday.

J. V. N. Gregory of Lima was re-elected chairman of the Board, and Edward Depew was recognized as Supervisor from Saline, by appointment in place of Mr. Burkhardt, resigned.

The Probate Judge reported commitments to the insane asylum for the year, numbering 13, of whom 3 had been inmates before. Eight were from Ann Arbor city, the other five representing Scio, Sharon, Sylvan, Dexter, and Ypsilanti towns.

The superintendents of the poor reported total receipts for the year, \$7,659 35, of which \$2,706 was from town boards and \$4900 from the county board. Accounts for local temporary relief had been paid, \$555 67, of which \$356.38 was from Ann Arbor city and \$208.01 from Ypsilanti city.

The clerk and chairman were authorized to renew the contract with Detroit house of correction, and the compensation of the Sheriff for boarding prisoners was fixed at 12 cts for each meal or lodging up to ten persons, and 17 cts for each over ten at one time. Contract for medical attendance at the jail for the year was awarded to Dr. C. G. Darling at \$45.

The prosecuting Attorney was given \$300 extra compensation "for keeping the criminal expenses of the county down."

A barn was authorized to be built on the jail lot for use of the Sheriff, and a strip of land south of the jail lot authorized to be bought.

Chas. H. Greenman of Augusta was re-elected County Drain Commissioner. The County Clerk was allowed \$100 extra compensation for services on the board of canvassers.

The County Treasurer was allowed \$50 extra compensation for reports of interest on deposits.

The proposition for fish chutes at the dams was voted down.

The equalization report increased the valuation of Ann Arbor \$585,000, and Ypsilanti \$100,000. Except York, which is untouched, the towns were all reduced, from \$5,000 to \$67,000, Pittsfield \$60,000 off, Augusta, Superior and Salem \$20,000 each, and Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor \$5,000 each.

The students of Cleary's business college held a reception and received themselves last Saturday evening, and enjoyed the performance to such an extent that it will be repeated every two weeks.

A Point Overlooked.

It seems to have escaped the notice of the Ypsilanti saloon-keepers that the liquor law now in force in this state, requires the removal of all blinds, curtains, screens, or other obstructions to a free view of the bar and premises through the windows during the hours that the saloons are forbidden to remain open. All who disregard that requirement are liable to a fine of \$200 and ninety days' imprisonment.

It seems also to have escaped the notice of the Marshal and police that the same law makes it their duty to learn if violations occur, and make complaint in all such cases, and to close places that may be open unlawfully and arrest the offenders, without need of process. The penalty prescribed for neglect of such officers to discharge such duty is a fine of \$100, and the Governor may summarily remove them from office in such cases and appoint others in their places.

We call attention to these provisions of the law, because saloons here do remain open on Sunday, contrary to law, and blinds and screens are not removed as the law requires, and officers of the law do neglect to close such places and arrest the offenders, or to make complaint on account of the screens, as the law prescribes that they shall do.

The Impudent Humberg.

A drive well agent at Tecumsha has announced that he will accept royalty on 1 1/2 and 1 1/4 inch domestic wells, at \$10 each, and on 2-inch wells at \$15 each, if paid within five days; but that "after that time the royalty is \$20 and \$25 each without discount." So impudent a bluff as this should satisfy any reflecting man that they have no confidence in their ability to maintain their pretended rights, and do not intend to try it. Don't pay.

Some More Apropos.

Apropos of the election of superintendents of the poor, it may be said that a number of the democrats on the board of supervisors offered to vote for a republican superintendent, if he was less an objectionable partisan than Mr. Greene. With the republicans, it was Greene or nothing and they got nothing. Mr. Arbot Angus.

Apropos of the election of superintendents of the poor, it should also be said that a number of the democrats on the board promised to vote for Mr. Greene, and they probably would have fulfilled their promises had they not been lashed into partisan lines with the whip of a party boss. With these democrats it was to vote for Mr. Greene or lie, and they lied.

Extend It to Detroit.

The following communication from Mr. N. G. King, President of the Farmer's Bank of Brooklyn, Mich., fully explains itself. Though it is addressed to a particular business firm here, the subject it presents is one that should be deemed interesting and important to all the business and property interests of Ypsilanti:

BROOKLYN, Mich., Oct. 31, 1887.

WALLACE & CLARK, GENTLEMEN:—I take the liberty of addressing you as I have some others, to call attention to the importance of taking some steps to induce the Lake Shore R. R. to extend the Hillsdale branch into Detroit or to strike some point on their Toledo branch this side of the city. This will give you two good strong competing roads. True they are both called Vanderbilt roads, but each road is run in its own interest and pays no attention to the convenience or interest of the other. Both management try to make the best showing they can, and a great many additional trains through your place because it will shorten the distance between Detroit, Chicago and the Great West twenty odd miles.

If you see the importance of this as I do I think you will be in favor of stirring the matter up. As I have written others the Lake Shore might ask us to organize and procure the right of way. Most land owners will probably be glad to give this to get a railroad.

Respectfully, &c.

N. G. KING.

Normal Lecture and Music Course. The first entertainment in this course will be given Wednesday evening, Nov. 9, and will be a grand concert by the Detroit Philharmonic Club, composed of the following distinguished musicians:

YUNCK, 1st Violin;
SCHULTZ, 2d Violin;
VOIGTLANDER, Viola;
SCHIPPE, Cello;
Assisted by the favorite Contralto, Mrs. Mary Tilden of Detroit, and the celebrated Basso, Mr. Arthur Beresford, late of England.

Price of admission to those not holding season tickets, 75 cents.

This entertainment is given in the regular course, and takes the place of one of the lectures who has failed for this date, but who may appear as one of the extras.

St. Luke's Auxiliaries.

The Auxiliaries of St. Luke's church will have a social at the residence of Principal Sill on Forest Ave., next Monday evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

PROGRAMME.

Duet—For Two Violins—Miss Abbe Owen, Paper—Mr. Mac Lean, Song—Mr. Swaine, Recitation—Mr. Sill.

Oysters will be served, raw and stewed. Admission, 20 cents.

The organ in St. Luke's church is being removed from the rear of the building to a position on the north side of the altar, and as the work will not be completed this week there will be no service in the church next Sunday.

Personal.

John Percy removed from Belleville to this city last week.

Mr. Herbert Davis, who has been located at Grand Rapids for some time, is sojourning at home at present.

Mr. Leman Corey and wife, of Italy, Yates county, N. Y., are visiting with Dr. Bonsteel and family.

John Howland has returned from Kansas and will spend the winter with his parents here.

Mrs. J. A. Waltherhouse of Hamilton, Ont., spent Sunday here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Waltherhouse.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Cutcheon of Detroit were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Hemphill last Friday and Saturday.

The Ladies Library Club, will meet next Wednesday at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Higley, Huron St.

Mrs. O. L. Rogers and son returned to East Saginaw Monday evening, after a two weeks' visit with friends here.

Harry Sayles is at present filling a short evangelistic engagement at Ann Arbor.

Percy George, son of Mrs. Worger George, is dangerously ill with hemorrhage of the lungs.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Hartwell of Kansas City, who have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. S. A. DeNike since Saturday last, left this morning for Chicago.

Mr. Walter Cook left Tuesday night for Omaha, where he has accepted a position with a large mercantile establishment.

Mrs. L. A. Barnes, who has been an invalid since the death of her husband, in June last, has been seriously ill during the past week.

Mrs. Samuel Rathfon, who has been visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Kishlar, for several weeks, left for her home at Escanaba yesterday.

Mr. A. J. Clark, the photographer, is in Traverse City on a business trip and will be absent two weeks. Mr. Nicholson, his partner, will attend to the gallery during his absence.

Grant Slocum, who has been in the employ of the Commercial Company during the past summer, has bought the Grass Lake News and will take possession of the paper next week.

Bert Hart, now of Candler, Florida, formerly of this city, is visiting with his uncle, John Gilbert. Bert is the proprietor of an orange grove, and is in love with the sunny south. He returns to Florida in about two weeks.

Albert Lucking of Detroit spent yesterday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lucking in this city. Alfred is a member of the law firm of Conley, Mabryer & Lucking, and is an influential manipulator of democratic doings in Detroit.

At the residence of the bride's parents, at Allen, Mich., Saturday evening, Oct. 22, occurred the marriage of Miss Mae Bishop to Mr. J. M. Ressler. Both the bride and groom are well known here and the announcement of their marriage will be received with pleasure. Mr. Ressler is at present connected with Nelson's Business College at Decatur, Ill.

Mr. Ed. C. Allen, of Ottawa, Ill., who was a resident of Ypsilanti when he and the town were many years younger than they now are, is making his annual visit here this week. Mr. Allen is Mayor of Ottawa, President of the First National Bank, Worthly Chief of several societies, and holds a high position in the social circles of his city, but all these honors and privileges have not lessened his love for the home of his boyhood and the friends of long syne.

Charley Whitman is removing his household goods to Ann Arbor this week. There are no church deaconships made vacant by Charley's departure, we believe, but the removal of himself and family will cause vacancies in social and literary circles here that may not soon be filled, as they filled them. One of Charley's young friends recently remarked, that if the cry of "Red Blood," should ere long be borne on the night winds from the northwest, it must not be taken as the forerunner or follower of some dreadful deed. It would result from the fact that Charley Whitman was playing progressive enche at Ann Arbor, was ahead in his game and was making his pathetic plea for the ringing of the bell.

Rev. G. L. Pearson and wife of Tombstone, Arizona, are visiting with friends here this week. In spite of the sepulchral name of his Arizona home, Mr. Pearson insists that Tombstone is the home of live people, in every meaning of the term. They don't salute strangers with revolvers, as Bill Nye would have us believe, nor do they suspend church services to go out and witness a dog fight, as the lurid humorous journalists declare. On the contrary, Tombstone society of the higher class, is made up of educated, cultured people, and their modes of pastime and forms of pleasure are much the same as in the cities and towns of Michigan and elsewhere.

The managers of the Bazarette are busily engaged in making more room in their already well filled store, to accommodate their immense holiday stock which will be on exhibition by Nov. 16, at which time there will be a grand opening which it will pay every one to attend.

Mere Mention.

Mr. Walker, of the University, will address the Temperance meeting at Good Templars Hall on Sunday afternoon.

The regular meeting of the Sons of Temperance, next week Wednesday evening, Nov. 9, will be an open one to which all are cordially invited.

The Y. W. C. A. will hold its Sunday afternoon service in the Congregational chapel, during the month of November. Meetings begin promptly at 3 o'clock.

Ground was broken for Cleary's new business college Tuesday, and a force of workmen are engaged in excavating for the basement and preparing for the foundation.

John Connors and Edmund Webb, the pickpockets arrested here for playing their vocation during the races, last August, were tried last week and found guilty of larceny.

Good Templars will have a public installation of officers at their hall on Saturday evening to which the public, and especially the Normal students, are invited. Program and music have been arranged for.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Mason, 24 Summit St., next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Question—With saloons and other places of vice open on every hand, how can Christian mothers keep their children from being ruined? All are invited.

Mrs. E. L. Jansen entertained about fifty friends last Friday evening, the prevailing pastime of the season, progressive euchre, being the main feature of the evening's entertainment. Prizes were given to the winners, Mrs. McKee and R. W. Hemphill.

Mr. Joseph Bickford, notice of whose death at Dundee last Monday is elsewhere mentioned, leaves an estate valued at about \$10,000 one half of which is from a life insurance policy. Mr. D. B. Greene, who was last week appointed his guardian, is named in his will as his executor.

The death of a highly esteemed young man at Plymouth, last week, caused twenty-five of his former young friends to provide a floral offering at his funeral, representing "The gaiters ajar." So says the Plymouth Mail. When their sorrow has somewhat subsided they should search the dictionary, as well as the Scriptures.

Ypsilanti was pretty much given up to church-social dissipation, Tuesday evening of this week. The Methodist young people socialized at the parsonage, with Rev. Mr. Venning and family; the Presbyterian mission circle discussed the Hottentots and chocolate cake at the residence of Dr. Kinne, and the Congregationalists went out to Evan Begole's and ate oysters for the good of the cause.

The Supervisors have given Prosecuting Attorney Norris a bonus of \$300 extra compensation for keeping down the criminal expense of the county during the past year. The Prosecuting Attorney keeps down the criminal expense by declining to prosecute cases brought to his attention, if he keeps it down at all. We don't object to the extra compensation, if the salary paid the prosecutor is too low; but isn't it rather unusual to grant an extra allowance for services not rendered? If Mr. Norris should order the justice shops of the county closed during the next year, and should use his influence to keep criminals out of the jail instead of putting them in, the saving in criminal expenses thus effected would probably cause the supervisors to double his extra compensation. Seems queer, though, don't it?

Four divorce cases from Ypsilanti were brought before the last term of the Circuit Court. Mrs. Mercy A. Brown was granted a divorce from her husband, Henry W. Brown, by reason of his failure to provide for her. Mrs. Lena A. Gilbert was permitted to sever the bonds that heretofore have bound her to George Gilbert, the cause for her action being that George was cruel in his conduct towards her when he was with her, and threatened to kill her; and he had finally deserted her, more than two years ago. A petition was also presented by Carrie E. Jewell for a divorce from Fletcher W. Jewell, for absence and failure to provide for herself and family.

Clark Cornwell made a Marc Antony oration before the Board of Supervisors last week, his Brutus being the fish chute subject. He urged compliance with the law, even though the cost would be several hundred dollars a comply. He electrified the Board with the statement that the chutes to be built in this county would cost the people about \$24,000, but the law was an honorable one and should be complied with. True, no fish had ever been seen going up or down one of these chutes, but that fact should not affect the decision of the Board—the law should be complied with. Clark swayed the Supervisors as Marc sways the Roman stage supe, and the fish chute subject was dropped.

Photograph.

Waterman, the Congress St. photographer, offers for holiday trade, one dozen Cabinet and one life size Bromide print framed all for \$15.00, or one life size photograph, superior to Crayon or Oil portraits, for \$15.00. Give us a call and see for yourself.

Jersey vests for \$1.00 at Comstock's.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1887.

A troop of genuine Ashantees is diverting Paris.

Miss Lizzie Bell Sinclair of Everittstown, Hunterdon county, N. J., completed on her 12th birthday a bed-quilt containing 11,210 pieces.

Steve Dorsey is engaged in coaxing \$1,000,000 foreign capital into this country to help him consolidate those Goebie and Menominee iron mines.

A junk man at Bushnell found two boys playing with a cast-iron globe about the size of a base-ball. It proved to be an unexploded canister bomb.

Princess Bismarck was s no titular or complimentary words in speaking of her illustrious husband. She never refers to him otherwise than as "Bismarck."

Joe Young of the Macomb (Ill.) pottery recently turned 550 jugs in nine hours and two minutes. He has issued a challenge to any turner of \$200 to \$500.

Ex-Vice-President Wheeler's will is to be contested upon the ground that he was not competent to make a will at the time it was dated, and that the signature is not genuine.

Sombody wrote to an Allegan doctor asking if he could remove a cataract, and upon receiving an affirmative reply suggested that he tackle the one at Niagara.

The Diario del Hogar says that a "fashion club" is being organized in the City of Mexico by thirty rich dukes, whose only object will be to clothe themselves in the latest styles.

A Muskegon policeman gave a girl fits the other day because she was paralyzing her piano and killing the neighbors. They were real fits, too, and a doctor has been attending her ever since.

A spring strongly impregnated with sulphur has been discovered near where the Peoria extension of the Lake Erie & Western road crosses the Mackinaw, and there is talk of erecting a hotel there.

"Westward the star of empire takes its way," says the Petoskey Democrat; and being thus inspired the editor pretends that inside of three years Petoskey will be built up westward as far as the old slaughter house.

Surveyor D. H. Davison of Mt. Onk, Ill., has a curiosity found forty-five feet down in a well he was having dug on his farm west of Minonk. It is a small stone having on one side a cut figure the shape of a heart.

Mrs. Phoebe Travis, aged 104, is the oldest woman in Western New York. She never sat on Washington's knee, or, indeed, did she ever see him, but she distinctly remembers his death and the gloom it cast over the country.

Four couples are living in Killingworth, Conn., who were married in 1837, and three other couples are living in other places who were married in Killingworth in the same year. Twelve of the fourteen individuals are natives of that town. The ceremony in each instance was performed by the Rev. E. G. Swift.

Prince Bismarck possesses some of the largest and finest forests in northern Germany, and, with the exception of Prince Furstenberg, the lord of the Schwarzwald, he is probably the largest timber merchant in the empire. Prince Bismarck also owns some very extensive distilleries, his annual output being about 550,000 gallons of spirits.

There is a genuine mineral spring with rare medicinal qualities on the James Coddington farm, joining Lincoln, Ill., on the east. The spring is not ephemeral, either, but has been steady and strong all during the dry season. By many who have tasted it, and are qualified to judge, it is said to be similar to that at El Dorado Springs.

The German Crown Prince's voice not yet recovered its full tone, but he speaks aloud without any difficulty.

When questioned about his health not long ago, he replied: "Well, I am not yet able to sing, but I feel so well that I hope to be all right again in a short time." He took a six-hour walk the other day, showing no traces of fatigue.

Louise Michel, the famous French communist, is said at last to have crossed the boundary into insanity, or at least into aberration. Her publishers are refusing to print her books, her health is broken, and she is, it is said, likely to be left to starve if a rule, pen and tongue fail her. As a rule, except in revolutionary districts, she is now loathed at and ill treated, it is said, when she speaks.

The stage coach that was carrying \$5,000 from Mazatlan to Rosario to pay the employees and miners of the Tajo Mining company recently was halted by sixteen men at a hill known as Devisadora. The assailants fired a volley from their rifles, killing a woman and child, the only passengers in the coach, and gravely wounding the conductor. After robbing the coach of the silver it was permitted to proceed.

The Rev. Adirondack Murray, whose specialty is fish stories, crossed the line into Canada recently and came back crestfallen. Of the lying capacity of the French-Canadian he says: "There is a childish enthusiasm about it that captivates you. He smiles as he lies. He lays his hands on his heart; he lifts his eyes upward; he embellishes his little lie with sautry allusions; he lies as if he believed his own lie."

While digging a well on the premises of Alfred Todd near Bowen, Ill., a few days ago John Rice, who had charge of the work, was badly burned by an explosion of gas, a flame having entered the air for forty or fifty feet. The blaze did not continue after the explosion, but the water in the well is a mixture of mud and sand that boils and bubbles with the escaping gas with a roaring noise that can be heard for 100 yards. Mr. Todd has written to a geologist about it.

At Stockport, England, a few days ago a man named Johnson was hauled before a magistrate on the complaint of a woman, who said that he was her husband, who had deserted her and his baby twenty-seven years before. The baby—a buxom lass—was in court, and after the man had admitted the truth of the woman's story he was introduced to his daughter. The man had another wife and a large family at Stockport. He was sentenced to pay 10 shillings a week to his first wife.

FAIR GPELIA.

BY S. E.

CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED.)

"So be it. Since you doubt if you shall know the truth—if only to humble some of your miserable pride!" he said, and each word fell clearly on her ears. "You tell me Simon is innocent; you are right, and when you do not far out. I did not think I had such an exceedingly clever wife. The penetration you have shown has quite bewildered me!"

"You are guilty! You killed poor Basil!" Lily gasped, scarce daring to believe him, though his confession only strengthened her fears.

"Yes; you might have known I alone was guilty! Glandore was your accepted lover, therefore my rival; and as he refused to give you up, I struck him from my path! I would do it again if necessary!"

"You villain! And to think another has suffered all this time for your guilt! But you shall not escape unpunished; the world shall know the truth from your own lips!"

Ralph laughed, and the sound grated unpleasantly on Lily's ears; it was so full of terrible triumph.

"If I had feared you, do you think I should have betrayed my secret?" he asked mockingly. "You are my wife, and a wife is not allowed to give her husband up to justice! You will suffer, my peerless Lily—suffer such anguish as you have never before felt! Do I not know how your soul will shrink from the bond which links you to an assassin? I delight in your torture, as you have gloried all the months in scorning my love. We are quits now."

"I will never stay with you! The chains that bind us have been severed by your own evil words! Nothing on earth would induce me to remain beneath the roof of a murderer!"

"Unfortunately you have no choice. The law has no power to free you, so you must reconcile yourself to your life!"

"Have you no pity for the man who suffers for your crime? Can you see his wife widowed—his child branded with shame, and rest content?" Lily asked despairingly.

"Quite so. Some one must bear the blame—why not Simon?"

"You are a fiend! My father at least will listen to my prayer and take me from you."

"I do not think you will tell him. You are perfectly aware that the shock of knowing he had married his daughter to a scoundrel would kill him."

Lily clasped her hands convulsively together, and with faltering steps crossed the room. She felt suffocated—faint, and longed to be free from her husband's baleful presence.

As the door closed behind her, Ralph laughed heartily, and, with a gay song upon his lips, hastened away, delighted at the pain he had just inflicted.

Little did he guess that another had overheard his wretched confession—one whose voice the law had no power to silence.

Hidden in the tiny room leading from the boudoir, hearing every word with a world of terrible anguish, Gipsy had listened silently to the end; never once moving or uttering a cry, though often tempted to do so.

Her face was ghastly in its awful pallor; her eyes dilated and vacant; the hand which grasped the velvet portiere might have been carved in marble, it was so still—so rigid.

"Is it true? Can it be possible? Yet his own words condemn him!" she moaned, wondering what fearful weight lay at her breast, turning her heart to stone, and the life-blood to icy coldness.

Though she had never loved her brother, she had never thought him guilty of crime; the knowledge gave her a shock of terrible pain, making her grow faint and dizzy.

"Poor—poor Lily! To be sacrificed to his wicked spite! She must not—shall not suffer! How can I keep silent when the truth will make so many happy?"

Gipsy shivered, and stole softly to her own room, where she could ponder quietly over this fearful secret.

Long she sat there, lost in deep reverie; the day drew to a close, and dim shadows were falling before she roused herself. Curiously enough, no one had sought her; an unusual stillness—a foreboding of future ill, seemed hanging over all the household, making the place dull and silent.

Feverishly getting paper and pens, Gipsy began to write—slowly at first, then as swiftly as the thoughts shaped themselves in her weary brain.

She did not heed the night-hours. Her head throbbled hotly, her eyes ached with the long working, and her fingers grew so stiff they could scarcely hold the pen.

Still she wrote on, and not until the last word had been added, the closely-written sheets placed in an envelope, sealed, and addressed, did she fling herself languidly on the bed, and fall into the deep sleep of utter exhaustion.

A very quiet sorrowful night next morning at breakfast, Ralph was not there, but Lily and Gipsy both looked as if they had passed the night in bitter grieving.

Gipsy glanced earnestly at her companion's changed face, and the tender kiss she gave her was more loving than usual, though Lily almost shrank from that caress.

"I am going into the village now; is there anything I can do for you?" she asked gently.

Lily raised her head, but bowed it almost immediately, the flash of hope dying from her eyes.

"No—nothing, thank you," she answered listlessly, too lost in her own gloomy musings to notice the wistful look that Gipsy gave her as she left the room.

With hurried steps she hastened towards Peggy's home, startling the woman by her unexpected appearance.

"How ill you look, Miss Gipsy! Have you been fretting again?" she asked, struck by the haunted expression in the girl's eyes.

Gipsy tried to smile, but even Johnny's bright prattle failed to rouse her from her sadness.

"I am in trouble, Peggy, and as you are the only one who can help me, I have come to you."

"You may be sure I will do all I can, miss, though it is not much I can help you."

"Yes, you can, Peggy. I want you to mind this packet for me; you see

the address written there, but as you value your future happiness and your boy's good name, let no one know of this letter until you hear tidings of my death. Then, without losing any time, put it in the squire's own hands."

"Surely, Miss Gipsy, you do not think of dying? It makes me quite shiver to hear you talk so strangely!" Peggy exclaimed, turning the sealed packet curiously about. "I hope it will be long indeed before I am obliged to give this up, if I am to keep it during your life!"

"Don't hope that, Peggy!" Gipsy said bitterly, rising to leave the cottage. "Your husband's freedom depends on that letter, so guard it safely."

Peggy pondered long over the girl's strange words; Gipsy's sad face and broken-hearted voice had impressed her deeply.

It was with a troubled sigh she at length locked the letter in a small box, wondering what secret was hidden there.

Straight to her brother's room Gipsy went on reaching home. If she was moved by any unusual emotion, no trembling of lips or hands betrayed her. She glided towards him like a little white ghost, her dark dress trailing softly behind her.

"What do you want?" he asked roughly, frowning across the table at her.

"Only a few words with you, Ralph Rosslyn," the girl answered quietly, her voice full of pitiless contempt. "Now I know what you are—a fearful guilt lies on your soul, I cannot think of you as my brother! It was you who murdered Basil Glandore—the man whom I loved so dearly. How could you rest so calmly with that stain upon your soul?"

"Did Lily tell you this?" Ralph said hoarsely, clenching his hands angrily over his books.

"No; I was in the adjoining room and heard all. Once I swore if ever I discovered the real assassin, I would kill with my own hands. You are my brother, so I cannot take your life; but I can betray you."

"You dare not!"

"You will see," Gipsy answered scornfully, drawing back as he sprang toward her. "Do not touch me, or I may forget we are of kin! You say I dare not betray you. That is false! though the world shall know your guilt only when I die."

"You may live longer than I."

A strange smile quivered on the girl's face, and her eyes grew radiant.

"No; I shall not do that. One life must pay the penalty of your crime—yours is sacred in my hands, but my own I can, and will take! Lily shall be free at all costs, though my death and your disgrace alone will break her bondage!"

Ralph gazed at her, wondering if the shock had turned her brain; he did not see her hand move slowly toward her breast, and strike heavily against it. As she staggered, however, a low exclamation broke from him, and he caught her swaying form in his arms, nothing with terror the red blood oozing from a wound just above her heart.

"Good heavens, Gipsy! what have you done?"

"Betrayed your secret—shared your doom!" she whispered tremulously; then, with a smile upon her lips, fell dead in his arms.

Who can tell what thoughts chased each other through her guilty brother's brain! His one instinct was to find out how far her words were true—if she had really betrayed him.

He was not long left in doubt; while Lily still sobbed wildly over Gipsy's dead form, and Ralph paced restlessly about the house, Peggy gave into the squire's hand the confession which branded Rosslyn as a murderer and cleared Leigh's name.

Full of horror and alarm, Squire Glandore had Ralph arrested; and unable longer to deny the dark secret disclosed in his sister's dying confession, he went tranquilly to his fate.

Lily was free at last! But at what a price! It seemed as if she, too, would sink beneath the open shame, if thoughts of her father had not encouraged her to endure.

"We shall be happy when the shadow is cleared from our home, darling," Lord Audley whispered lovingly, the day after poor Gipsy's burial. "In a brighter future you will soon forget these brief months of woe. I am sorry, indeed, I ever forced you to wed that rascal."

"We will not speak his name," Lily answered shudderingly; "I never want to think of him again! He is dead to me, as he is dead to the world."

Under her old name, with much of the old sweetness which had endeared her to all in past days, Lily returned to her father's home, trying to forget she had ever left its safe shelter.

Poor Peggy was, indeed, rejoiced to know her husband could face the world without a stigma on his character. Simon might look pale and worn to a shadow; yet welcome was not less glad when he at last returned.

"Thank God I see you again!" Leigh exclaimed fervently, as he clasped his wife in his arms. "Once I almost feared we should never meet in this world, and the thought brought me much suffering."

"I knew you would come back to baby and me! Kiss your son, Simon."

Leigh took the laughing child in his arms, gazing tenderly into the sweet dimpled face. With almost reverent love he pressed his lips to Johnny's rosy ones, feeling for the first time his heart thrill with fatherly tenderness.

"My two treasures! If it were not for Miss Lily, I should count this the happiest moment in my life. Remembering her trouble, and poor Miss Gipsy's sad death, there is just a wee shade of regret in my joy. Please God she will soon forget the past, and as the memory of Mr. Rosslyn grows fainter, may sweet thoughts of dear Master Basil keep fresh her heart, bringing peace to ease her sorrow!"

Peggy sighed, then smiled contentedly into her husband's face. What right had he to grieve when fate had been so kind! Life for them had indeed recommenced, and this time without one dark cloud.

THE END.

Miss Mary Murfree, the authoress, is a perpetual struggle. How the little pale faced, fragile looking lame girl, who must sit to receive her friends, can write so like a man it hard to understand.

The gambler's favorite hymn is "There's a Land that Is Farther Than Day."—Washington Critic.

A Coil of Wire.

How are cakes or lumps of steel made into fine wire? The process is interesting. How do the steel blooms become finely polished wire? The manufacture is peculiar. The bloom, as we follow it in the wire factory, is first cut into billets some twenty inches long and four inches square. These are brought red hot from the furnaces and slipped between the rolls. In a moment the billet of steel becomes a stout, fibrous serpent. A man at the opposite side of the furnace nips it around the neck with the tongs, and slips its head between the next and smaller pair of rolls, so that before the tail of the red serpent has emerged from between the larger rolls, the head has been squeezed to smaller dimensions in the second rolls. The same process is repeated again after the rod has passed through the second roll, workmen being ready to seize the serpent, twist his body around and let his head be caught by the third roll. Thus it is passed on, each time becoming longer and thinner, and the billet, after passing through eighteen rolls, becomes a wire rod. As the rod passes through the last roll it is conveyed through a pipe three inches in circumference. As it wriggles out of the pipe in twisted form it is thrown across the iron floor of the factory or wire mill. The rolls are kept constantly at work, for one rod has no sooner passed through the first roll than another enters it, and as the rod grows in length one end may be passing out across the floor while the other is half a dozen rolls in the rear. Thus it twists its dull-red, thread-like length like a serpent in and out of the rolls, often near the ankles of the workmen, ready with their tongs to guide it onward in its devious windings. When the rod is at last spun out upon the floor the end is taken up and twisted upon a reel, which rapidly winds it into a coil.

After the rods leave the "blooming mill" they are taken to the "wire mill," where they are hung around wooden blocks, perhaps half a dozen coils on each block, which are lowered into huge tubs of sulphuric acid, and allowed to remain there until the acid has removed the impurities from the surface. The blocks are then raised by a pulley, and the rods are thrown upon the floor and washed with the hose. Having been loaded on trucks and dried, one end of each rod is pointed by a revolving machine so as to pass into the die which is to draw the rods into wire. Having been removed to the wire blocks, the rods are then drawn by being passed through a tapering hole in a steel die.

The steel rod, having thus been transformed into wire, is taken to the annealing furnace, where it is annealed and polished by a secret process. The wire, which has hitherto been of a dull brown color, is given a bright polish by the annealing and the cleaning which it afterward receives. Having been removed to the galvanizing house, the wire is run over a series of wheels and slides which stretch it from the floor horizontally, and, working automatically, dips the wire in lime every time it reaches the floor. In galvanizing, the process consisting of the wire passing through a solution of muriatic acid and gravel, next through a drying furnace, and afterward through a metal bath of zinc. The wire next passes a "wiping box," filled with mineral wool, which is agitated by a number of rollers. This substance wipes off the surplus zinc, and bestows upon the wire a smooth surface. The long line of wire, which now has a bright, silvery appearance, is then bundled up in reels ready for the market, each reel weighing about 100 pounds.—Pittsburg Cor. Wheeling Register.

Uncle Sam's Sayings.

Boys, be sensible, be deliberate, be sober, be temperate in all things, be industrious; don't get too deeply interested in politics, and you will grow up to be good and useful citizens.

I am convinced that a man who tries to do right in this world, although he may not be up in creeds and church disciplines, has got into a habit that he won't have to discard when he gets into heaven.

The man who does right more from fear of punishment than from love of right is not prompted by the highest and purest motives. Once let him be convinced that he is secure from detection, and he is liable to develop into a full-fledged criminal in the twinkling of an eye.

The luckiest man is often the most unfortunate. In fact, to emphasize the paradox, there are men whose wonderful good luck has proved their utter ruin. On the other hand, some of the grandest characters among men, and some of the greatest of life's successes, have grown out of or been founded upon misfortune and failure.

An irate pastor, in conversing with a friend, one day, remarked that newspaper men as a rule were not good Christians, and that he expected to meet but very few of the profession in heaven. The friend, who was something of a wag, replied: "Well, brother, I am sorry to hear you say so; for a place where there are no newspapers and no editors would certainly be undeniably dull and prosy. Why, think of it, who would give us the news?"

"Talk about dissipation," said a friend to me the other day, a man who has not attained a modern church social has no idea of what it takes to constitute dissipation." I thought the sermon a queer one to make, but a little reflection has convinced me that it contains a modicum of truth. However, there are degrees; and those held during the strawberry season are not so terrible in their effects as those cold-weather festivals, when the succulent oyster plays a prominent part.—Chicago Ledger.

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How Far the Human Jaw Travels.

The noon-day customers were dropping out one by one from a Sansom street restaurant, when a dyspeptic looking man who sat at the next table startled me by saying: "Have you any idea how many miles a man's jaw will travel in the course of his life, assuming that he lives to be 70 years of age?"

"Well, I never thought of it," answered a young man, who halted in his wild career of beefsteak. The dyspeptic man changed his seat and exposed a much soiled piece of paper with some figures on it, which he proceeded to explain:

"For the first ten years a child's jaw will go about 56 inches daily or 200,750 inches altogether in a decade. From his 10th to his 20th year, what with chewing gum, food and tobacco, he will work his jaw for, say, four hours a day, at an average of one-half of an inch per minute; that would make in a day 120 inches, or in the 10 years 438,000 inches. During this time he will talk about five hours a day, traversing about three-fourths of an inch with his jaw; that would give in 10 years 822,250 inches to be added to our former figures."

"For the next 45 years he will spend sixty minutes a day in eating, when he will open his mouth one-half an inch a minute and seven hours in talking, when he will average five-eighths of an inch; that is when you figure it out, 5,008,625 inches."

"We now have our man 65 years old. For the last five years his jaw takes a rest. He will eat no more than 30 minutes a day at one-half inch a minute, or 27,345 inches, and in talking the distance traveled will not amount to more than 338,500 inches. Now for the total. If we add the various sums together we get 6,835,470 inches, and dividing by 63,360, the number of inches in a mile, you find that the maxillary journey is a distance of 107 miles and a fraction."

"That is certainly interesting," said the young man. "Have you ever calculated the same lip-trip for a woman?"

"My dear boy," came the slow, sad reply, "life is short."—Philadelphia News.

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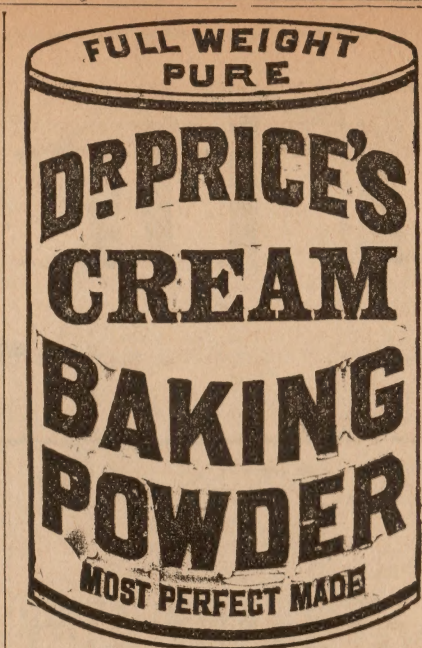
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The Ypsilantian.

THURSDAY, NOV. 3, 1887.

It is reported from Chicago that Gov. Oglesby is likely to commute the sentence of anarchist Fielden to life imprisonment, on the ground that his participation in the murderous conspiracy is not clear; and that it is believed Parsons, Schwab and Fisher are likely to receive a commutation. We shall be compelled to believe this when it is demonstrated. We have no especial convictions about Fielden as contrasted with the others, but of Parsons we would unhesitatingly say he is the guiltiest of the lot. He is an American citizen, of intelligence and education, reared in good social position, and he sinned against greater light than any of the foreigners. His moral guilt is greater than that of any of his fellow-conspirators, even though his actual participation were less. If one only were to be hanged on the ground of desert that one should be Parsons. Gov. Oglesby would offend against the convictions of the great majority of citizens, should he interfere with the execution of the penalty that the law has decreed.

BEN BUTLER'S extraordinary argument before the national Supreme Court in behalf of the condemned anarchists recalls that erratic "statesman's" declaration to a class of law students that he would never wish to defend a man unless he knew him to be guilty. He should now add to that declaration that neither would he defend a man where there was any reasonable ground of defense—or if there should be such he would carefully avoid it. His ground in the anarchist case is that the aliens in the case are not answerable to laws enacted since the ratification of treaties with their countries, those treaties guaranteeing to them all the privileges, immunities and protection of the laws, which Gen. Butler interprets to mean the laws as they were at that time, changes in the statutes being powerless to change their status. According to this highly ingenious and interesting doctrine, laws against bomb-throwing, which we might pass now, would be quite worthless, the bomb-throwers being chiefly aliens who by treaty are made superior to the law-making power, and superior to the edict of the whole body of citizens of a state. They may run saloons regardless of any restrictive laws we may pass, and engage in conspiracies without responsibility to any conspiracy laws that may have been framed since those treaties were ratified; and, all together, their privileges are much greater as aliens in this country than they would be as citizens of this country. Go to, Butler!

LAST Monday's Free Press editorially declared that the oleomargarine law has benefited the industry, the government inspection and stamp giving the product a better standing in market. That is precisely what we claim of the government inspection and stamp of whisky under the internal revenue laws; and as the Free Press freely admits that whisky is an evil that it is desirable to destroy, how can it defend the whisky tax, which by its own logic strengthens that evil and gives it standing and respectability?

THE final absorption of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph system by the Western Union, which puts the entire telegraph system of the country practically in the control of one man, is already bearing fruit which will ultimately inure to the public benefit, and thus Jay Gould shall become an involuntary philanthropist. The project of a government postal telegraph has received new impetus, and Senator Culom believes that legislation to that end will be secured at the coming session of Congress.

WHY didn't the Free Press publish Gen. Jackson's thrilling speech at the Macon-Jeff-Davis blowout, the other day? Jackson is one of the distinguished appointees of the Cleveland administration, and we supposed the Free Press would give his eloquent oration on the lost cause and its patriotic causers, with flaming headlines. Is the F. P. souring on the administration?

AN UNDISCOVERED COUNTRY. That there should be yet upon the face of the earth a continent 2700 miles wide and 3500 miles long, which has hardly been penetrated a mile from its coast, and which the foot of man has not even touched except on two or three hurried visits, will seem surprising to many people; but that is the fact, so far as our knowledge of the land enables us to determine. It is the Antarctic Continent, surrounding the south pole. By the explorations of Capt. Cook in 1774-5, Capt. Weddel in 1823, Capt. Wilkes of our own navy in 1839, and Sir James Ross in 1841, some 4000 miles of unbroken coast have been traced, south of Australia and New Zealand, 2000 miles from Australia, and 800 to 1900 from the pole—known as Victoria Land. Extending eastward from that, 1500 miles to a point 2500 miles south of the Cape of Good Hope, Wilkes found an icy barrier that prevented his approaching within sight of land. So tremendous a mass of ice, having vertical cliffs 200 feet high, must have been attached to land at no great distance, and so we may assume that that coast extended that distance across the basin of the Indian Ocean, making a continuous coast of 5500 miles. From there across the Atlantic basin to a point 600 miles south of Cape Horn, is a gap of 2400 miles where coast has not been discovered, though Weddel penetrated farther south than the most of the discovered coast—with in about 1100 miles of the pole. South and southwest of Cape Horn a strip of coast was explored for about 1000 miles, known as Graham Land; and thence across the Pacific basin to Victoria Land is another gap of 1800 miles where coast has not been seen, though Cook

penetrated there to about the same latitude as Weddel south of the Atlantic. Those two gaps of 4200 miles separate two portions of discovered coast aggregating 6600 miles, and little broken or indented, lying at about equal distances on opposite sides of the pole, and which may reasonably be parts of one great body of land, that would thus be larger than all the land surface of North America. Next year's Australian expedition will, we hope, determine that fact, and a great many more of much interest. It will be seen that the Antarctic regions are exactly contrasted with the Arctic—a vast body of land surrounded by oceans, at the south, and a vast body of water surrounded by continents, at the north. Several mountains are located, one an active volcano, over 12,000 feet high—Mt. Erebus; and Mt. Terror is over 10,000 feet. Among the islands, Kerguelen's Land, or the Island of Desolation, is interesting. Birds are the only inhabitants, and among the fourteen species of flowering plants that its rocky expanse of 50 by 100 miles produces is the Kerguelen's Land cabbage, a perennial species only found there, very abundant, and of great anti-scorbutic value to ships' crews. The island also produces coal.

CLEVELAND ECLIPSED. Mr. Cleveland lately made something of a stir in Georgia, as the first democratic President of the United States for more than a quarter of a century, but he was a sideshow of small importance compared with the late President of the Confederate States, Jefferson Davis, exhibited in the same state a week afterward. On Wednesday, the 26th of October, at the city of Macon, a "reception" was given to the ancient relic of the rebellion, which was in many respects the most remarkable demonstration of sympathy for the "lost cause" that has been witnessed since the war closed. There was a "review" of Confederate veterans by their old President," at sight of whom the "veterans" and the people alike became wild with excitement and rushed by thousands over grounds and over fences in a grand stampede to touch the hand of their idolized Jeff. They crowded and crushed and crawled over each other's shoulders, and yelled until pandemonium lost its prestige. Rebel flags and badges were everywhere, in the crowd and throughout the city. An old rebel battle flag was passed up to Davis and he kissed it and fondled it, and his wife tore a fragment from it and put it in her bosom; and then the yells were redoubled, with cries of "God bless Jeff Davis," "God bless the flag," etc. Every one who could get in reach of Jeff's hand kissed it, and those who could not passed around the flag among themselves and kissed that. Gov. Gordon made a speech, and in the evening Gen. Henry Jackson, Cleveland's appointee to the important post of Minister to Mexico, voiced the sentiment of the crowd in such utterances as these: "By invitation of the state of Georgia speaking through her duly empowered officials, we have come. Behold majestic truth revealing herself. Georgia is a sovereign still, and calls upon her people to glory with her to-day. Her glory is in her history. Her history is the memory of the dead, and this day is consecrated to her Confederate dead. They were guilty of no treason to her. To whom, then, could they be traitors? There was a sovereign smitten to earth by traitor hands, trampled in the dust by traitor feet; but the hands and the feet were not theirs. "The constitution was but a treaty between high contracting sovereign parties, without one atom of sovereignty in itself. The principle for which we fought was American born. Red with the blood of Confederate heroes, eastward shall it roll, carrying the light of Christian civilization all round the globe. In that triumphal procession Abraham Lincoln shall not move as the rightful President, but Jefferson Davis, the so-called traitor, leader of a so-called lost cause. If the so-called New South be a base surrender of the old, a false confession of shame in our past, then with all the power given us by the God of truth, we cry, 'avaunt false South; avaunt rotten trunk upon a cursed root.'"

These expressions need no comment. They carry their own comment to the mind of every northern man who reads them; and it is only necessary to remember that they are not the crazy utterances of a nobody, but the prepared oration of one who was put forward as a representative Southerner in whose preferment the South would be honored, and who was accepted by the present administration as the most fit to represent the sovereignty of this nation at the Mexican capital; and they were received with wild acclamations by a great concourse of people gathered in the name and by authority of the state of Georgia to honor the chief foment and leader of the rebellion, and leader of the rebellion and glorify its cause.

In Richmond, the late capital of the of the Confederacy, on the following day, a great celebration was held over the unveiling of a monument to Robert E. Lee, the chief military leader of the rebellion, and the Marine Band, the celebrated music corps attached to the White House in Washington, led the procession. Twenty rebel Generals participated, and Gen. Early eulogized Jeff Davis and regretted his absence. A poem was read which placed Lee and Washington side by side as the two most conspicuous patriots of our history, and Wade Hampton, a Senator of the United States, pronounced Lee a greater man than Washington. "Papa, what made you go to the war?" Said Jennie, climbing from a chair Upon my lap: "What did you for?" And then she hugged me like a bear. "Cause if you hadn't gone, you see, You'd have two legs to canter me."

And still she urged, "What did you for? Papa, what made you go to the war?" I looked abroad. The blacks were free, But voiceless, voteless, filled with woe, Slaves of their masters seemed to be As much as twenty years ago. She said, "And what did Uncle Dorr Get killed in front of Richmond for?" A rifle-club went marching by; I saw the murdered Chisholm's ghost; I heard the Hamburg martyr's cry— The rebel yell—the vaunting boast; I saw the wounds of patriot dead. "What made you go?" my Jennie said. "My dear," I said, but nothing more, For, glancing through the Senate walls, The rebel generals had the floor. And ruled the nation's council halls! "Papa," she urged, "why did you go?" "My child," I said, "I do not know."

First National Bank, Ypsilanti PAID UP CAPITAL, \$75,000. OFFICERS: D. L. QUIRK, Pres. CHAS. KING, Vice-Pres. W. L. PACK, Cashier. DIRECTORS: D. L. QUIRK, L. A. BARNES, E. F. UHL, C. S. WORTNEY, CHAS. KING, S. H. DODGE.

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS SAMSON has filled his store again with Books and Stationery, and a great many other articles for Students of the Union and State Normal School. He continues to retail books

WHOLESALE PRICES! No one can sell at any less price. All pupils, both large and small, can get bargains—all alike or on the same terms. Secondhand Books bought and sold at great reduction. In addition to Books, etc., the public will always find the best and choicest

Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, Cosmetics And they will find Mr. Mayhew on hand to dispense articles in the Drug Department and to fill Prescriptions with accuracy and dispatch.

The ladies will also find the largest stock of desirable Note Papers and Fancy Goods, and Mrs. Alice Cook will take pleasure in serving them.

PENSIONS! D. B. GREENE has procured more pensions than all the rest of the County. Call and see him. He is always at home on PENSION DAY to fix your vouchers. The infirm waited on at home.

We wish to inform the people of Ypsilanti and vicinity that we have on hand about 100 HEAD! of very fine steers, and we propose to give them the benefit of it.

You will also find a full line of all kinds of FRESH MEATS AND SAUSAGE, HAMS, BACON AND SHOULDERS. We cure all our own meats, consequently they are always fresh and can sell at the very lowest prices. Come and see before purchasing elsewhere. H. Fairchild & Co.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD? Or do you think of using Lumber or Paint In large or small quantities? If you do you should call at once on

S. W. Parsons & Co. DEALERS IN BUILDING MATERIAL AND Carpenter's Supplies of all kinds! Lumber Yard and Factory north of Public Squares, east side; Branch Office and Paint Depot, Worden Block, Huron Street.

ALBAN & JOHNSON, Have an immense new stock of Men's Clothing! Boys' Clothing! Children's Clothing!

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS TAILORING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, ETC., —FOR THE—

---FALL TRADE--- Call and see our stock; we have what you want. ALBAN & JOHNSON. YPSILANTI, MICH. GEO. FULLER & SON, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS. —MANUFACTURERS OF—

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRACKETS AND MOULDINGS. Building Estimates, with Plans and Specifications furnished on application. Shop on River Street. C. KING. (Established 1840.) O. E. KING.

C. KING & SON. Fine Table Luxuries and Staple Groceries a Specialty. Dealers in Field and Garden Seeds, Calcined Plasters, Water Lime and Plastering Hair. "MAKE NO MISTAKE!" THE WORLD'S BEST STILL AHEAD.

THE ART GARLAND



Is original and elegant in design, beautiful in finish, perfect in operation; has more radiating surface, more illumination, more heating capacity, more valuable features than any other stove made. If you want the BEST BASE BURNER ON EARTH, don't fail to O DRURY & TAYLOR before buying. For the Largest Stock, the finest Assortment, the Best Goods and Lowest Prices, go to Drury & Taylor's, 26 CONGRESS STREET.

N. CORDARY, —DEALER IN— GROCERIES! Has on hand one of the largest and best selected stocks of Groceries, such as TEAS AND COFFEES, SUGARS, SPICES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, ETC., Which will be sold on a very small margin. Special attention will be given to FARMERS, COUNTRY MEROHANTS, and other parties desiring to avail themselves of our JOBBING PRICES by buying in large quantities.

The Highest Market Prices paid for Butter and Eggs either in Cash or Trade.

N. Cordary, Congress St., Near Iron Bridge. And Now We Are In For It! THE EMPORIUM is filling up. Goods are being purchased lower than ever before. There is an immense stock and it must be sold. It can be proved beyond a question that if you want

Drugs or Books! Wallpaper, Paints, Glass, Outlery, Jewelry, Notions and Fancy Goods, Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Albums, Gold Pens, or Physician's Prescriptions prepared with care, you can always save money by calling on

FRANK SMTIH. He will be glad to see you. He wants your friendship, and your money, if he can make you happier by taking it from you. He is a wonderfully benevolent fellow, he is, and please dont fail to call on him at his EMPORIUM.

BARNUM & EARL No. 27 Congress Street. Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware GOLD PENS, OPTICAL GOODS, Etc.

New styles, original designs, elegant and appropriate for every one. The finest goods at the lowest possible prices. Everybody come whether you purchase or not.

"THE BEST PLACE" To look for what you may want in the Jewelry line.

—FOR— Granaries —AND— Coal Bins! There is nothing equal to those

Taber Organ Boxes! All matched stuff. Only \$1.00 for next thirty days, at CHAS. E. SAMSON'S.

A COLLECTION of 17,653 spools gladdens the heart of a young lady in Missouri.

A WOMAN, Mrs. Bittenbender, is contesting for a seat on the supreme bench of Nebraska.

FRANK JAMES, the ex-bandit, is to become salesman for an Atlanta (Georgia) dry goods house.

A YACHT, with an electric motor, intended for George Westinghouse, has arrived in New York.

An eccentric citizen of Rutland, Ga., recently presented a coffin to each of his sixty-two relatives and friends.

The singer, Marie Fullo, who recently died in St. Petersburg, left diamonds valued at 150,000 francs to the czar.

At a California agricultural show two tons of grapes form one exhibit, illustrating the culture of the vine in one county.

GEORGE WESTINGHOUSE, JUN., inventor of the air-brake, is worth \$9,000,000. A large fortune to be made out of wind.

SEVERAL wealthy citizens of Wheeling, W. Va., are discussing plans for the erection of a \$100,000 hotel in that city.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND's expense for car-fare alone in making his western and southern trip is estimated by the New York Sun at \$10,000.

The sultan of Turkey is desirous of personal interviews with Queen Victoria and Emperor William, and will soon visit London and Berlin.

A GIANTNESS, who, though only twelve years and five months old, stands eight feet high and weighs 270 pounds, is on exhibition in New York.

The white topaz found near Pike's Peak is almost equal in value to the diamond. A New York lapidary lately offered \$500 for a stone and was refused.

ISAAC JEANS, a Philadelphia Quaker, who has made a fortune of \$3,000,000 as a fruit importer, began his business career by selling oranges and apples at retail.

CARDINAL GIBBONS has another long pilgrimage before him, for he is about to visit far-off Oregon early in October to confer the pallium on Archbishop Green.

WILLIAM CASE, of Ringoes, N. J., has a piece of hardback that is issued with other rations at Harrisburg in 1862. It is in a good state of preservation.

ONE of the most original specimens of German journalism is the weekly sheet about to appear in Lorrach, Baden, under the title of "The Mother-in-Law."

THERE are still two hundred colonists at Topolobampo who are suffering for want of food. The Mexican farmers have contributed food from time to time.

JUDGE WALTON, of Corsicana, Texas, has performed the marriage ceremony for 785 couples during the past eighteen months. His revenue from this source exceeds \$6,000.

MRS. MAGGIE VAN COTT, who is said to have converted more than thirty thousand people in the west, is now waging an unequal conflict with the sinners of New York.

THREE thousand men have been employed on the Canada Pacific snowsheds since spring. The biggest and strongest sheds are across the Selkirk and Rocky Mountains.

THE wealthiest man who ever lived in Memphis was F. H. Cossitt. He died in New York the other day and left \$10,000,000. He had not lived in Memphis for a number of years.

MATCHES are so cheap now in some New York cigar stores that when a customer asks for a match he gets a box. Good matches of the Swedish kind cost less than half a cent a box.

THE first striking clock was imported into Europe by the Persians about the year A. D. 800. It was brought as a present to Charlemagne from Abdella, King of Persia, by two monks of Jerusalem.

It is said that the Belgian glass-workers are now preparing to make glass into various shapes and patterns by running sheets of it at just the right temperature to work nicely through steel rollers.

THOMAS A. EDISON will spend the winter in California, and will amuse himself with efforts to extract gold from the black sand which abounds in the mining regions. A large laboratory will be built at Thermalito.

HORACE ALLEN, a grandnephew of Ethan Allen and a man eighty-three years old, has just arrived in Albany from his home in Delaware, Ohio, having made the journey of 675 miles on foot and pushing a wheelbarrow.

THE Bronson library of Waterbury, Conn., has received a \$50 bank note on the once noted Eagle bank of New Haven. It has no intrinsic value, but would bring much more than it represents from collectors. The celebrated failure of the Eagle bank is still remembered by the older residents of New Haven.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Latest Intelligence From all Parts of the World.

FIRE RECORD.

Huffman's Prairie, eight miles east of Dayton, O., was set afire by a passing locomotive on the Bee Line railway. A number of barns and farm houses have been burned.

The Highland Park hotel, situated three and a half miles from Detroit was burned Wednesday evening. Loss, \$50,000. In insurance, unknown. The Portage (Wis.) steam flour mill was also burned at Portage Wednesday by an incendiary it is thought. Loss, \$10,000.

Fire started in the grass on the county fair grounds at Omaha, Neb., Friday afternoon and destroyed all the buildings, causing a loss of \$25,000. They were insured and will be replaced.

Raub & Sons' woolen mills at Findlay, Ohio, were burned Friday. Twelve thousand pounds of wool were consumed, and the loss is figured at \$30,000. The brick works at New Cumberland, Ohio, were also destroyed, entailing a loss of \$25,000.

Flames broke out in the clothing store of Willoughby & Robie, Nos. 418 to 424 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, and before they were extinguished a loss of \$30,000 on stock and of \$2,000 on building was done.

Fire destroyed Evans, Cunningham & Jones' planing mill on Seventh avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Loss, \$30,000; fully insured. The fire started in a shaving pile in the rear of the mill.

The sawker factory of Swezey & Johnson at Painesville, O., was destroyed by fire, together with the machinery of an electric light company which was in the building. Thomas Eldridge, engineer, was, it is believed, fatally burned. Loss \$25,000; insured for about \$10,000.

The gin house of Taggart & Howell at Pine Bluff was burned, and also from thirty to forty bales of cotton; also the transfer stables of W. P. Ritchie. Loss, \$12,000; partial insurance.

About \$150,000 worth of fine lumber and a number of mills belonging to C. C. Loomis at Loomis Station, near Little Rock, Ark., were destroyed by fire Monday night.

CASUALTIES.

The propeller Vernon of the Northern Michigan line foundered off Manitowish, Wis. The entire crew, consisting of nearly thirty persons, is supposed to have perished.

In a collision of freight trains on the Nickel Plate railroad near Buffalo, N. Y., an engineer and fireman were instantly killed Sunday night.

Two men were instantly killed and three others were seriously injured by an explosion in the jannapanning-room of I. N. Topf's carriage factory at Cleveland, Ohio, Friday afternoon.

A heavy flow of natural gas, bursting unexpectedly from a well near Lima, O., was ignited by a furnace fire and exploded with terrific force. Samuel Hughes, a driller, was shockingly mangled, and derricks, machinery, engines, etc., were destroyed by the fire. The gas is still burning, all efforts to extinguish it being vain.

The Alberta No. 3, a small river packet, was burned at Indian Bay, Ark., Thursday. Captain W. Gibbs, an old steamboat man, was lost.

A new pulp and paper mill at Corinth, New York, belonging to "Wood-Pulp" Miller, was blown down. One man was instantly killed and three others were buried in the ruins.

A building in Paris township, Kent, county, Michigan, in which thirty Italian railroad laborers were sleeping, was set on fire Monday night, and the doors were barricaded to prevent their escape. The work was done by men of the same nationality belonging to another crew, and was the result of a feud. The inmates of the building all managed to get out.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

A Battle Creek (Michigan) thief who thought to avoid arrest by enlisting in the regular army was turned over to the civil authorities by the war department.

Pete McCartney, the notorious counterfeiter, who was released from the Michigan City penitentiary Saturday, after a confinement of eleven years, was lodged in the county jail at Springfield, Illinois for a crime alleged to have been committed eighteen or twenty years ago. M. L. Atkinson was taken to Springfield, Mo., charged with arson, committed three years ago. He admits his guilt, but alleges his father-in-law, the Rev. R. S. Wiseman, paid him for firing the dwelling-house, on which an insurance policy was held.

J. E. Smith, the express messenger who recently killed two robbers near El Paso, has been paid \$2,000 as a reward by the Governor of Texas. He expects to receive \$2,000 more from the express company, and \$1,000 additional from the railroad corporation.

Near Freeport, Ill., Thursday morning a freight train of the Minnesota and Northwestern Line, running on the Illinois Central Road, was thrown from the track and wrecked. The damage was great. The Washburne funeral train passed but a few minutes before, but went safely over the obstruction that caused the accident.

Convicts in the penitentiary at Yuma, A. T., attempted to escape Thursday. A life prisoner snatched a pistol from an escaping criminal, and with it killed a man who held and was stabbing the superintendent of the institution. None of the conspirators escaped, but two of them were killed and three wounded, one fatally. The Superintendent was badly hurt.

Eugene M. Converse, the young attorney who married Miss Jones, of Waukesha, in spite of the fact that he had a wife living, has been placed in jail at Battle Creek, Michigan, on a charge of bigamy.

INDUSTRIAL.

The coal-miners of the Lehigh valley, who have been on a strike for seven weeks are receiving substantial encouragement from the business and working men of all the coal-region towns. Collections amounting to more than \$50,000 were turned over to them last week, and it is believed that they will be able to

hold out against the operators through the winter season.

A resolution was introduced at a meeting of the Central Labor union in New York, Sunday, providing for the inauguration of a general strike in case of the execution of the condemned anarchists in this city.

The union printers of Chicago on Friday announced to the employing printers' organization known as the Typothetae, that on the 1st of November they should demand the carrying out of the nine hour rule, and the employing printers replied that they should insist on ten hours. A strike appears to be certain.

It is expected that the pressed-glass workers, of the American Flint-Glass Workers' association, will go on a strike on November 1.

At a meeting of steel manufacturers held in Pittsburgh, a change was made in the classifications of the different grades of steel.

At a meeting of Typographical Union No. 6 at New York, called for the purpose of deciding whether the strike should be continued against those offices which resisted the orders of the union, it was decided to leave the issue of a further settlement of the strike in the hands of the strike committee.

Negroes belonging to the Knights of Labor are causing trouble on the sugar plantations in Louisiana. They demanded increase of pay, and, on being refused, went on a strike. They refused to permit willing men to fill their positions, and State troops were dispatched by Gov. McEnery to quell any disturbance they might cause.

POLITICAL.

J. H. Fagler has been elected President of the Cotton Oil Trust in New York.

The plant of the Northwestern Manufacturing and Car Company at Stillwater, Minn., was sold Thursday to a representative of the "Sabin plan" (the Minnesota Thresher Company) for \$1,105,010.75.

The exciting political campaign in Baltimore terminated Wednesday with the election of a Democratic mayor by a majority of 4,205, a gain of 2,000 since the last election. The city council will consist of twelve Democrats and eight Republicans in the first branch and seven Democrats and three republicans in the second branch.

The Maine Democratic leaders have already selected their delegates for the next national convention. They are all Cleveland men.

Governor Hill is said to be working zealously for the election of a Democratic Senate in New York State, in order that he may be sure of the confirmation of his nominees and be in a position to stop all liquor legislation through his party friends without himself incurring any odium thereby.

WASHINGTON.

State's Attorney Grinnell, of Illinois, in the Supreme Court at Washington, Friday, spoke against the petition for the granting of a writ of error in the anarchists' case and was followed by General Butler. After which the Court took the matter under advisement.

Postmaster General Vilas has taken under consideration the application made by Delegate Toole for the establishment of railway mail service along the newly constructed line of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad through Northern Dakota and Montana.

At Washington on Thursday, counsel for the condemned anarchists at Chicago appeared before the Supreme Court, to argue the question of the jurisdiction of that court. Speeches were made by J. Randolph Tucker, of Virginia, for the prisoners, and by Attorney General Hunt, of Illinois, for the State. They will be followed by Gen. Butler for Fielden and Spies, and Mr. Grinnell for the State. Three hours discussion was allotted each side.

Representatives of a large number of railroads were before the interstate commerce commission at Washington, to discuss plans for submitting their annual reports to the commission.

A cabinet meeting was held Tuesday for the consideration of the annual reports and the President's message to Congress.

GENERAL.

There is a squabble in Arizona between the civil and military authorities over the treatment of the Indians there, in which the soldiers appear as the champions of the red men.

The failure is announced at Austin, Texas, of the dry-goods house of Schooler & Brother. The firm's assets are estimated at \$80,000, and the liabilities at \$60,000.

It is evident that the financial standing of this country abroad is good. United States funded 4's are quoted on the Frankfurt bourse at 123.50, while Russian 4's are quoted at 80.10, and Spanish 4's at 67.70.

A correspondent at Salt Lake City writes that the leaders of the Mormons have been so harassed and annoyed of late that they would be quite willing to openly forbid the practice of polygamy if they were not afraid that by so doing they endanger the entire church structure. A despondent apostle is quoted as saying that the objectionable practice would be discontinued, though the belief in its righteousness and divine authorization would always be asserted.

Gold and silver coins bearing the date of 1830 were unearthed in Kentucky, recently, by laborers on the Maysville and Big Sandy railway. The gold coins have the figure of a fish upon them and the word Bolivar.

Announcement is made that on and after Nov. 1 the rates of the Postal Telegraph Company will be advanced to the Western Union standard on all messages under 25 cents.

Rear Admiral J. W. A. Nicholson (retired) died Friday at New York.

In the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Richmond, Va., was chosen as the place of holding the next annual international convention. The House of Bishops of the P. E. Church, at its meeting at Philadelphia, elected the Rev. Abel Leonard, of Aitchison, Kan., bishop of the new jurisdiction of Nevada and Utah, and the Rev. J. S. Johnson, of Mobile, Ala., missionary bishop of Western Texas.

The telegraphic consolidation it is said will result in serious effort to secure national legislation to regulate interstate telegraphing. Senator Cullom says that

a number of bills have been drafted, and that they will receive very general support. The increase in telegraph rates will be the most powerful argument for the enactment of such a law.

The James L. Regan Printing Company, Chicago, failed for \$125,000.

Up to Wednesday there had been from 225 to 250 cases of yellow fever at Tampa, Fla., and 34 deaths.

The collections of internal revenue during the first quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, were: \$31,366,066, being \$2,461,162 more than the collection during the same quarter of the last fiscal year.

The quarantine authorities at New York say there is not the slightest fear of the spread of cholera through the immigrants taken from the steamer Independence. All the patients on Hoffman's Island are doing well.

The Michigan Salt Association at East Saginaw, controlling the market west of Cleveland, will stop its manufacture from Dec. 1 to April 1 to reduce the large surplus now on the market.

An assignment that was made for the benefit of personal friends of the members of the collapsed New York dry goods house of Halsted, Haines & Co., which failed for more than a million dollars in 1884, has been declared fraudulent by the supreme court of the state.

The funeral services over the late Elihu B. Washburne, which took place at Unity Church, Chicago, were largely attended, and among the people present were many prominent citizens. Professor Swing paid a fitting tribute to the memory of the deceased.

The failures during the past seven days in the United States were 193; for Canada, 23, a total of 216, as compared with 201 last week.

The concluding game in the world's championship series between the St. Louis and Detroit clubs was played in St. Louis on the 26th, and was won by the home team by a score of 9 to 2.

Jeff Davis reviewed a procession of thirty thousand confederate veterans at Macon, Georgia, Wednesday.

The state officials of Indiana have begun a war against certain mutual insurance companies that are charged with carrying on a fraudulent business. An attempt will be made to drive them out of the state.

The Toledo, Peoria and Western railway has settled with relatives or legal representatives of forty of the people who were killed at Chatsworth, and with sixty of those who were injured. The largest sum paid on a death loss was \$2,000.

Owing to ignorance of the date when it was to be called, the attorney general of Kansas failed to appear and make an oral argument in a prohibition case which has attracted considerable attention, and which was argued on behalf of the liquor-dealers before the United States Supreme Court some time since. On Wednesday the court refused his request that he might be allowed to make an argument because of his failure to appear at the proper time.

Two companies of rangers have been ordered to Starr county, Texas to protect the inhabitants from the raids of Mexican bandits.

Natural gas has been struck at Shawneetown, Ill., at a depth of 500 feet. It burns with a bright flame and is strong enough to come up bubbling through 350 feet of water in the pipes. The city is greatly rejoiced. Two veins of coal, seven and five feet respectively, were found on the way down.

FOREIGN.

James G. Blaine will pass the winter in the south of France.

A few of the left members of the French chamber of deputies telegraphed Gov. Oglesby in behalf of the Chicago anarchists.

At Dublin the almost universal sentiment was that Blunt's sentence was too long.

Mr. Chamberlain started on Saturday for America to represent England in the fishery negotiations.

London bankers, in the event of the election of General Diaz, will make public a plan for the readjustment of Mexico's finances, by means of which the national debt will be put in process of liquidation, and internal improvements will be developed by a loan.

A woolen mill at Hespler, Ontario, owned by John Harvey and J. B. McQuestion, was seized at the instance of the Bank of Montreal, under a chattel mortgage for \$140,000. About 250 employees are thrown out of work.

In a conflict between Serbian soldiers and Albanian brigands ten of the former and twenty of the latter were killed.

A Paris paper states that during his visit at Copenhagen the czar formed an anti-German alliance with Belgium, Holland, Sweden and Denmark.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.	
BREYER-Extra	5.10 @ 5.35
Butter-Fine	4.60 @ 5.10
Pork to Good	4.00 @ 4.50
Pork to Medium	3.40 @ 3.90
Sweet Corn	2.80 @ 3.20
Fancy Cows and Heifers	2.75 @ 3.25
Fair Cows	2.10 @ 2.35
Milk Cows-per head	20.00 @ 25.00
Hogs-Range	4.25 @ 5.30
WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	2.65 @ 3.00
CORN-No. 2	.40 @ .41
SHRIMP	.25 @ .26
POTATOES-Per bushel	.25 @ .26
POULTRY-Chickens, per lb.	.14 @ .15
Ducks	.12 @ .13
Turkeys	.10 @ .11
BUTTER-Fine Creamery	.21 @ .25
Butter-Fine Dairy	.18 @ .20
Low Grades	.12 @ .15
CHEESE-Full Cream	.10 @ .11
OFF Grades	.08 @ .09
Eggs-Fresh, per doz.	.13 @ .17
NEW YORK.	
BREYER-Best Native Sows	5.00 @ 5.10
SHEEP-Range	3.75 @ 5.00
HOGS	5.65 @ 5.95
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.34 @ .35
CORN-No. 2	.26 @ .27
OATS-No. 2, White	.32 @ .34
ST. LOUIS.	
BREYER-Choice Native	4.30 @ 4.70
HOGS	4.30 @ 4.50
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.31 @ .32
CORN-No. 2	.27 @ .28
OATS	.24 @ .25
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.30 @ .31
CORN	.27 @ .28
OATS	.24 @ .25
DETROIT.	
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.30 @ .31
CORN	.27 @ .28
OATS	.24 @ .25
INDIANAPOLIS.	
BREYER	5.50 @ 6.00
HOGS	5.00 @ 5.45
SHEEP	2.75 @ 3.00
WHEAT	2.75 @ 3.00
CORN	.20 @ .21
OATS	.15 @ .17
BUFFALO.	
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.30 @ .31
CORN	.27 @ .28
OATS	.24 @ .25

LINCOLN STATUE.

Unveiling of the Statue at Lincoln Park Chicago.

Old Abe's Grandson Draws Aside the Flag and Exposes the Great Work of Art to the Public View.

Since the night of the great fire Lincoln Park has never contained within the same area so many human beings as thronged its plains, clustered under its trees, and in every variety of vehicle crowded its roadways Saturday afternoon. A grand stand had been hastily thrown up to the east of Dearborn avenue entrance. Seats were also arranged around the terrace leading to the pedestal upon which stood the veiled figure of Abraham Lincoln by Augustus Saint-Gaudens in accordance with the will and bequest of Eli Bates. A military band played a spirited prelude of airs appropriate to the occasion, among them "My Old Kentucky Home."

The statue itself, rising twelve feet above the terrace, was visible from Clark street to the lake.

At 3 o'clock Mayor Roche assumed the chair. Mr. Thomas F. Withrow gave a brief sketch of Eli Bates.

Mr. William C. Goudy on behalf of the Lincoln Park Commissioners accepted the gift of the statue from Mr. Withrow, who had presented it in the name of the Bates bequest trustees. A handsome lad had meanwhile modestly taken his place at the halyards, and amid the roar of cannon, the triumphant strains of National airs, the cheers of thousands, and the tears of many the colossal bronze was unveiled by young Abraham Lincoln, while the gray heavens became aglow with mild silvery light.

The concluding game in the world's championship series between the St. Louis and Detroit clubs was played in St. Louis on the 26th, and was won by the home team by a score of 9 to 2.

Jeff Davis reviewed a procession of thirty thousand confederate veterans at Macon, Georgia, Wednesday.

The state officials of Indiana have begun a war against certain mutual insurance companies that are charged with carrying on a fraudulent business. An attempt will be made to drive them out of the state.

The Toledo, Peoria and Western railway has settled with relatives or legal representatives of forty of the people who were killed at Chatsworth, and with sixty of those who were injured. The largest sum paid on a death loss was \$2,000.

Owing to ignorance of the date when it was to be called, the attorney general of Kansas failed to appear and make an oral argument in a prohibition case which has attracted considerable attention, and which was argued on behalf of the liquor-dealers before the United States Supreme Court some time since. On Wednesday the court refused his request that he might be allowed to make an argument because of his failure to appear at the proper time.

Two companies of rangers have been ordered to Starr county, Texas to protect the inhabitants from the raids of Mexican bandits.

Natural gas has been struck at Shawneetown, Ill., at a depth of 500 feet. It burns with a bright flame and is strong enough to come up bubbling through 350 feet of water in the pipes. The city is greatly rejoiced. Two veins of coal, seven and five feet respectively, were found on the way down.

FOREIGN.

James G. Blaine will pass the winter in the south of France.

A few of the left members of the French chamber of deputies telegraphed Gov. Oglesby in behalf of the Chicago anarchists.

At Dublin the almost universal sentiment was that Blunt's sentence was too long.

Mr. Chamberlain started on Saturday for America to represent England in the fishery negotiations.

London bankers, in the event of the election of General Diaz, will make public a plan for the readjustment of Mexico's finances, by means of which the national debt will be put in process of liquidation, and internal improvements will be developed by a loan.

A woolen mill at Hespler, Ontario, owned by John Harvey and J. B. McQuestion, was seized at the instance of the Bank of Montreal, under a chattel mortgage for \$140,000. About 250 employees are thrown out of work.

In a conflict between Serbian soldiers and Albanian brigands ten of the former and twenty of the latter were killed.

A Paris paper states that during his visit at Copenhagen the czar formed an anti-German alliance with Belgium, Holland, Sweden and Denmark.

THE MARKETS.

of their riding the circuit together in they swam swollen, bridgeless rivers, in beds that were not long enough, the rudest food, and were in constant contact with discomfort; and through it all word of complaint had ever passed. Tips of the railsplitter and flatboat became lawyer and legislator. He, of his poverty and freedom from desire; of his studiousness and learning the man who had been in school only weeks in all his life; of his profound convictions, of his clear reasoning, of his noble moral courage that made him what he believed without personal interest in its consequences.

The sculptor sat on the dais unregarded, his wife and child at his side, and was perhaps a little thought of him by the great number of those who cheered the great work which has absorbed his life for three years.

All on Account of a White Lie.

Halifax servant girl who wished to go out for an hour or so and knew no suitable excuse to give her mistress, invented the story that her mother had been drowned. The result was that a morning paper published the item, and there was a sensation in the "drowned man's" family. The hoaxer paper exposed the story, the author, who got more unenviable notoriety than she bargained

The Ypsilantian.

The unspeakable beastliness and the monstrous brutality of the infamous dens at Hurley, Wis., now being disclosed through the press despatches, is enough to sicken every decent man in the country. It equals anything alleged of the similar dens in upper Michigan, last year, for the suppression of which our Legislature enacted special legislation. It is gratifying to know that the devilish hog in Chicago, who was employed in supplying innocent girls to those horrible places, is in the clutches of the law; but we cannot be satisfied until the fiends at the other end of that route to the gate of hell are also under arrest.

Gen. Gordon, Governor of Georgia, made a speech at Cleveland, Tuesday, in behalf of the democratic ticket. In reply to a question from the audience, "What have you to say of Gen. Jackson's speech at Macon?" he answered, "Nothing." "Do you consider it treasonable?" was demanded. "I have nothing to say," responded the Governor. After that he ostentatiously kissed Gen. Morgan of Mt. Vernon, who introduced him, "directly in the mouth," and the bloody chasm was bridged. It was a good show.

"Blinky" Morgan, the murderer of officer Halligan in Ohio and of Sheriff Lynch in Michigan, has been convicted in the former state of murder in the first degree with penalty of death. Dr. Waite is convicted at Howell of manslaughter in causing the death of Ida Lee at Brighton by attempted abortion. Dan and Lizzie Hanrahan, keepers of the notorious dive near the Central depot in Detroit, exposed by the Tribune, have pleaded guilty and will be sentenced Monday.

Precisely as we expected, the United States Supreme Court yesterday refused the writ of error in the Anarchist cases, and nothing now stands between the condemned men and their merited fate, except executive clemency, and there is no reason under the sun why we should expect or wish that to be exercised in their behalf.

Prof. Smyth, of Andover Theological Seminary, has appealed to the Judicial Court from the decision of the Board of Visitors requiring his resignation, and the courts will now review the case.

By a blunder we credited our information about the Argentine Republic to the September Harper's. That interesting and valuable article was in the November number.

Jenny Lind, the Swedish songstress who set this country wild with her voice, thirty years ago, died yesterday in London, aged 66 years.

Normal Items.
Dr. Coon of Casnovia, visited his son Will last week.

S. S. Babcock of the State Board of Education, was about the Normal last Friday noting the progress of the work on the new buildings.

Principal Sill went to Lansing one day last week to attend a meeting of the executive committee of the State Teachers' Association.

Public exercises of the Normal Lyceum Friday evening of next week.

The boiler house is now nearly finished; the north wing walls are about six feet high and foundation of south wing begun.

Those who were first at the Normal on the morning of Nov. 1, found the front entrance barred by the remains of a dissected tank wagon. Various other strange forms were to be seen around, also certain familiar objects had assumed unwonted positions. It is supposed that this unprecedented occurrence is due to an unusual amount of physical vigor in the newly initiated class of students.

The new athletic association ought not to lack for material with the present outlook; and it is hoped that its educational influences will be effective in diverting the animal spirits among us toward less objectionable occupation.

Monday afternoon a number of students met and organized an athletic association, and on the following day officers were elected. Much interest was manifested by those participating.

J. M. Ballou of the State Board of Education was at the Normal this week.

Rawsonville.
The new bridge is completed, and the filling of the approaches will be finished by Wednesday; and Rawsonville will then have as good facilities for getting "over the river," as anybody.

A very sad accident happened here this afternoon—Tuesday. A little child of James Halliday, about two years of age, fell into an open well near the house, and was drowned before it was discovered. Mr. H. was working upon the bridge grade at the time, and was summoned home, but too late to save the little one's life.

Mr. Bert Wood, of Northville, is visiting his uncle, Amos Fifield.

Mr. Lambie, of Ypsilanti, is building a cow barn on the Waterbury farm. Jupiter has passed perihelion, and has now sunk into oblivion. So says one of our amateur astronomers.

William Fell has placed some knitting machines in the factory and is now rushing business.

Roberts & Rogers are busy grinding buck-wheat night and day at present.

The scribe from this place to the "Enterprise" says that board kept back the work on the bridge. Perhaps victuals had something to do with it.

There will be no meeting at this place next Saturday. Quarterly meeting at Eaton's Mills. CARP.

"Electricity in a Bottle" is sure death to a hard cold and to sick headaches. On sale at the Bazarette. \$1 a bottle.

A suit of scarlet underwear worth three dollars for two at Trim, McGregor & Co.'s, No. 2 Union Block.

Temperance and the Schools.

At the outset, the writer of the following wishes to disclaim all thought of imputing any but the purest motives to those who have been instrumental in securing a place in our public schools for teaching the physiological effect of alcohol and narcotics. The movement resulting in the law now on the statute books originated, without doubt, in the earnest desire to check the growing evils of the drink habit, by forcing upon the minds of the children the evil consequences of indulgence in stimulating drinks. Nothing is clearer than this, and, so far as it goes, we would not withhold the proper meed of praise. Granting then the purest motives, and a zeal loyal to the highest interests of humanity, it still may not be amiss to inquire whether such zeal is born of wisdom, or whether, in the results of such teaching, "wisdom will be justified of her children."

Physiology teaches that the physical structure grows into the form in which it is habitually exercised. Even the bones respond in their development to the stimulus of the active overlying muscles. Likewise, suffering, sorrow, and joy, leave characteristic tracings on the human face, the permanent record of these silent forces in the physical mechanism. Through these visible tokens of an invisible agency the moral and intellectual make-up is recognized even in the stranger, whom chance may bring into our presence. We read in them the life he has led, and estimate the moral and physical tension which he has triumphantly resisted or to which he has made unworthy surrender. The observant eye is quick to discern the changing lineaments when some gentle inspiration of love wells up in the soul and anger disappears. So in the whole range of emotions and passions, good and evil, there is found a corresponding reflection in the adjustment of facial outline. A persistent moral state is sure to plow its furrow to tell its tale of joy or sorrow, to the eye which is trained to read its true significance. The hot blood of anger may return to its wonted channels, but the sudden engorgement of the capillaries, has quickened local nutrition, and when oft repeated will leave the unmistakable evidence of temper ungoverned, of will subordinated, and of action perverted. It is an involuntary acknowledgment of the power of these inner states of the mind to stamp their impress on the outer man, when we express surprise at finding meanness in the man of noble bearing or treachery in one whose face is open and generous. "As a man thinketh so is he." Never was there a truer utterance, and as true in the physical expression as in the mental state. Even the child rightly interprets the shifting phases of feeling that chase each other over the countenance as ripples over the yielding surface of the wave.

The placid look of love, and the dismal presence of hate, have alike their physical expression and need only to be persistent to reveal the character of him who harbors them. It matters not what may be thought as to the identity of the brain structure and mind, whether they be one and the same, or whether they be distinct entities, the one material, the other spiritual, there is at all events such an intimacy of relation that the energy of the latter is registered in the cells of the former. It is also true, that thought meets least resistance in the channels already traversed. Each repetition is more readily accomplished than the last, till finally the mind becomes a machine with automatic action, in the channels in which the mental impulse has been taught to move. In the development of mental power the brain tissue grows under the stimulating influence, into the form and character of the thought which has become habituated to it. So after years of training the child carries into its maturity a brain structure which is reflective to all the mental influences prominent in its earlier training, and resists whatever was unknown to its plastic and formative state. The mind therefore early trained to thoughts of purity, of nobleness and worth in character, which has been made to dwell on whatever is beautiful and true, will have in its maturity the power to exclude whatever is degrading and unworthy. Through the automatic action of the mind's material organism, which, by training, has become permanently receptive to noble sentiments, the power of evil is broken. The mind instinctively rejects what its organism has never been trained to assimilate. Evil thoughts and impulses have no place in such an organism. As the child has been inspired to think, so has character in the man been formed. Vicious character links back to vicious thoughts, worth and nobleness to thoughts of the true, the beautiful, the good.

But the law says, "teach the physiological effect of Alcohol and Narcotics." Bring to the mind of the child, day by day, the evils resulting from the use of these stimulants. It does not specify that the teacher shall provide himself with "an awful example," in the person of a besotted, imbecile victim of strong drink, but the movers in this charge on the enemy look on approvingly when he brings out the highly colored charts of the drunkard's ulcerated and putrid liver, spleen and kidneys, and forces upon the mind of pure and innocent childhood these repulsive images, and day after day compels it to dwell on the hideous lessons they suggest. This, too, till its mind becomes saturated with details of evil, till its innocence is gone, and in its place are evil stimulants to the imagination, carrying it to the scenes of drunken brawls, and adjoining brothels where vice and licentiousness hold disgusting orgies; till sleep is haunted with wrecks of manhood and the vilest forms of womankind, and all this in the interest of purity, temperance and manhood! In the light of principles above discussed, what must be the

harvest of such a sowing? Why is it that the families of drunkards furnish a larger number of recruits by far than come from the homes of the virtuous? The child reared in the midst of surroundings which teach the evils of the drink habit with more emphasis than can possibly be used in the school room, whom the dissipation of the father has clothed in rags, has beaten with stripes unnumbered, has fed upon the crusts which dogs would scarcely eat, this child, who has felt the pangs of hunger and, unprotected, the blast of winter, and the shame of an involuntary degradation, reaches the years of discretion with sensibilities blunted, with mind gorged with impure thoughts, and goes straightway in his father's footsteps, picks up his father's burden and carries it till it drops at the brink of the drunkard's grave. With this powerful object lesson before him, the child, with his eyes wide open to the fearful evils, goes straightway and forgets it all. His mind has grown unto the form of that it has fed upon, and shapen by thoughts of evil, it carries him speedily down to ruin. Had he been kept from all knowledge of the existence of Alcohol and its relations and his mind been stimulated by the contemplation of every good, he would have grown to manhood fortified and strong to meet temptation and resist it. Innocence is the natural heritage of childhood, and it should be kept innocent till it is thoroughly furnished with the things which elevate and ennoble. The natural repulsion to evil begotten of such training will be a sufficient guarantee to virtue.

It seems to me that those pious Christian women who have been active in urging these measures, have read their Bible to little profit. Paul was not only a sound theologian but a most profound philosopher. In his fatherly word of advice to those he loved, you find no such injunction as the law now lays upon the teachers of Michigan, but on the contrary, in accents of the highest inspiration, he enjoins the sowing of good seed, trusting in its power to keep out the noxious growth. Will you hear him?

Whatever things are true, Whatever things are honest, Whatever things are pure, Whatever things are lovely, Whatever things are of good report, If there be any virtue, If there be any praise, Think on these things.

Nowhere in all his letters does he tell you to think and teach the evil, but here he sums up the whole philosophy of education, so far as it touches character, by enjoining his followers, to think (earnestly) of whatsoever things are true, just, honest, pure, lovely, and of good report, and it is doing no violence to the original, to translate the latter clause "if there is to be any virtue or praise you must think of these things." But the law says, "make the children think of ulcerated stomachs, and the reeling, imbecile drunkard who returns like a dog to his own vomit, St. Paul and the Michigan law, but for my part, give me St. Paul, and I will vouch for the result.

TEUBOR.

A Well-Fitted Establishment.
"Whatever is worth doing is worth doing well." This sentiment it is, probably, that has induced the proprietor of Orcutt's new livery and feed stable to locate one of the best fitted livery establishments of the country here. Not only is the barn itself the neatest, best arranged and most complete of any in this city, but the horses and carriages are the best. Prices are lower than at any other livery, and the patronage the new establishment is securing convinces the proprietor that lower prices can be sustained with good profits. The barn is connected by telephone, and orders received night or day will be promptly answered. The office is on Congress street, near the iron bridge.

Business for Sale.
My store and second-hand business for sale. I desire to go west. This chance only open for two weeks. JOHN GALLAGHER.

Auction Sale of Live Stock.
Twenty horses, including one Hambletonian stallion, 5 years of age, and other horses, from sucklings to five-year-olds, four cows and a number of sheep, and other property, will be sold to the highest bidder, Tuesday, November 8, commencing at one o'clock, on the farm occupied by Watson Barr, at Stony Creek, six miles south of Ypsilanti. The terms of sale will be as usual, with three per cent. off for cash. 089

Guitar for Sale.
Nearly new, cheap if sold soon. Call or address, No. 5 Norris Street. *089.

Splendid Bargain.
Eighty acre farm only three miles from the city, only \$35 per acre. Call early. (11) J. N. WALLACE & Co.

For Rent.

I have for rent the store room at the northeast corner of Congress and Adams streets—a suitable place for sewing machine, insurance, Doctor's office, or some light business. Liberal terms to the right party. AUSTIN GEORGE.

For Sale.

A good residence for sale, one block from Union seminary, very cheap. Address Box 809, Ypsilanti, Mich. tf

Now for the Poultry.

C. H. Morse of Boston is again in Ypsilanti for the purpose of dressing and shipping poultry, and will be ready next week to receive all that the people have to sell. 089*

PURE BRED POULTRY.—Standard Plymouth Rocks. The best general purpose fowl in the field. A fine lot for sale by C. F. R. Bellows, Ypsilanti. Call and see them, or write. 0810

Extra heavy carpets for 50 cts at Comstock's.

We give you bargains in dry goods and shoes. Sure.

TRIM, MCGREGOR & Co.

Stony Creek.

Miss Carrie Russell visited friends in this vicinity last week.

Mr. P. D. Rogers and wife attended Pomona grange at Fraternity grange hall last Friday.

The social at Mr. T. Talladay's last Friday evening was well attended and a grand time was had, thanks to Mr. T. and wife.

Miss Cora Welch visited friends at Monroe last week.

The M. E. church is growing as fast as it can. We understand it is to be dedicated in about four weeks.

Mr. Wm. Dansingburg is at home again after a three weeks stay at Ann Arbor.

The Redner school closed last Friday. The scholars presented their teacher, Miss Barry of Ypsilanti, with a handsome gold pen.

Mr. T. L. Buck and wife and Mr. C. Rogers and wife visited friends at Tecumseh last week.

The Presbyterian Miss'ion Band held their monthly meeting last Sabbath evening. The meeting was very interesting, and Miss Anna Buck the secretary gave an account of the annual meeting at Ypsilanti.

Hewitt & Champion are selling a good kid button for ladies' wear at one dollar and fifty cents. Call and see them.

NORMAL

Lecture & Music Course

Entertainments in this Course are arranged for the following dates:

CONCERT—Wednesday evening, Nov. 9.
Detroit Philharmonic Club.

LECTURE—Tuesday evening, Nov. 22.
Rev. George C. Lorimer, LL.D.,
Pastor of Immanuel Baptist Church, Chicago.
Subject—Government, or Liberty and Law.

CONCERT—Thursday evening, Dec. 1.
The Musin Grand Concert Co.

LECTURE—Tuesday evening, Dec. 13.
Hon. W. H. S. Aubrey, LL.D., of England.
Subject—Gladstone's Characteristics, his Personality, and his Career.

LECTURE—Tuesday evening, Jan. 3.
Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, of Massachusetts.
Subject—Wendell Phillips and his Times.

LECTURE—Thursday evening, Jan. 26.
Frank Board, the Chalk-Talk Artist.
Subject—The Mission of Humor.

CONCERT—Tuesday evening, Feb. 14.
The Welsh Prize Singers,
from the Cardiff Choir, Wales.

LECTURE—Tuesday evening, Feb. 21.
Col. Augustus Jacobson,
the originator of the Chicago Manual Training School.
Subject—Manual Training.

CONCERT—Tuesday evening, March 6.
The Clara Louise Kellogg Concert and Opera Co.
The evening's program will consist of two parts:
I. A Grand Concert of Eight Numbers.
II. The entire Third Act of Gounod's Grand Opera "Faust," given in costume with appropriate stage setting.

The above dates are subject to change. Dates for the remaining entertainment in the regular Course and for the two extras will be announced as soon as they are arranged.

THOSE STEERS!

are nearly gone, but we will still continue to sell superior meat. Look at our Special Prices on

CURED MEATS.

Smoked Hams, - 11 Cents
Smoked Bacon, - 10 Cents
Smoked Shoulders, 8 Cents

H. Fairchild & Co.

Hickory & Ash Timber

I will pay \$12.00 per cord, cash, for good Second Growth Hickory Butts, suitable for Axe Handles, delivered at my shop south of depot, Ypsilanti.

Good Second Growth Ash, suitable for Whiffletrees, Neck-Yokes, etc., also wanted. 0921*

C. W. DICKINSON.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the twenty-seventh day of October, A. D. 1887, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Alfred Smith, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the twenty-seventh day of April next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Friday the twenty-seventh day of January, and on Friday the twenty-seventh day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, October 27, A. D. 1887. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

40913

We Can Cure It.

At Ypsilanti we saw upon the streets proof positive that some cancers can be cured. A woman upon whose chin was formerly a spider cancer, very malignant and rapidly spreading, and when we left the place already encompassing the entire jaw, had the dread disease entirely eradicated by the use of the mineral water found there. The woman's face to-day shows no evidence of the former trouble save seam-like scars, which are as free from discoloration as any of her face.

DR. BENNETT
Will be at the Hawkins House Tuesday, Nov. 8, and there is no man in all Michigan that has the experience or gives the results in treating chronic troubles. Piles of all kinds, no matter what the complication, cured without knife, ligature or pain. Hernia, every case he touches, gets well, and only one week to know it is done.

Go and see him Tuesday, as it will cost no one anything to learn how he does it.

We can give you bargains in ladies' and children's shoes which cannot be beaten in the state.

TRIM MCGREGOR & Co.

New wall paper and borders at Samson's. Prices reduced since July 1st. Gilt paper at 25 cents a roll. New goods received weekly.

Get your underwear at Trim, McGregor & Co.'s.

Accidents
and how to deal with them, and other valuable medical information, will be found in Dr. Kaufman's great Medical Work; elegant colored plates. Send three 2-cent stamps to pay postage to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free. 0910

Anyone wishing to engage the professional services of Miss Betsey Gates, will call on Mrs. P. W. Carpenter, south Washington st. 451

ORCUTT'S

Livery, Feed and Sale STABLE.

Horses, Carriages and Cutters

At Lowest Rates by the day or hour.

Hacks in connection with the barn for train and funeral purposes.

Telephone in office. Orders sent by telephone will receive prompt attention.

A full stock of Horse Goods, Harness, Robes, Whips, etc., at Lower Prices than they can be purchased elsewhere.

Office on Congress St.,
NEAR THE IRON BRIDGE.

F. A. OBERST,
—DEALER IN—

FLOUR, FEED AND COAL

Stationery and all Leading Periodicals. Headquarters for Fresh Fish.

DEPOT POST OFFICE,

Follett House Block, Cross St.
Goods delivered to any part of the city.

Tremendous Slaughter!

—ON—
BUGGIES!

McPHERSON & SCOTT

Have decided to reduce the prices on their buggies for the next

30 DAYS!

To make room for extending their gear trade. Now is the time to buy a buggy for the fair at cost.

Call and see our

\$80-BUGGY FOR \$66.

BANCHART & CLARK,

Proprietors of the

Central Meat Market

CONGRESS ST.,
The best place in the city from which to order

FRESH MEAT OF ALL KINDS

Beefsteak, Porksteak, Sausage

Hams, Bacons, Shoulders.

None but the VERY BEST MEATS bought or sold.

SALESMEN WANTED.—We are in want of a few good men to canvass for the sale of choice varieties of Nursery Stock. To men who can make a success of the business we can pay good salaries or commission and give permanent employment. We have many new and choice specialties, both in the fruit and ornamental line, which others do not handle. Address at once, with references, L. L. MAY & CO., Nurserymen, ST. PAUL, MINN. 0912

This Space will be Occupied

—BY—

S. H. DODGE,

THE JEWELER,

NEXT WEEK.



"Hello, Dick, old boy; give us a light. Thanks. By the way, Dick, where is it you get your Clothing? Now my clothes, which I got same time or thereabout, look rumpled up, out of shape, and no style; while yours look as well as if the best tailor in the state made 'em."

"Why, Jo, my dear fellow, you must go to JOE SANDERS' if you want good clothes and a fit. You see it don't cost any more to get the style and that, if you go to Sanders', than it costs to dress like you. Ta-ta, old fellow. Try Sanders next time, and you'll be suited, and you won't be paralyzed by your suspender button flying off when you make a bow to a lady acquaintance on the street, either."